THE BEAVER ARGUS.

Vol. 53---No. 49. Beaver, Pa., Wednesday, December 13, 1871. Established 1818.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements are inserted at the rate of $1,00 per square for first insertion, and for each subsequent insertion 50 cents. A liberal discount made on yearly advertisements.

A space equal to ten lines of this type measures a square.

Business Notices set under a head by themselves immediately after the local news, will be charged ten cents a line for each insertion.

Advertisements should be handed in before Monday noon to insure insertion in that week's paper.

Business Directory.

BEAVER.

JAMES CAMERON, Attorney at Law, Beaver, Pa. Office on 3d st., in the rooms formerly occupied by the Hon. Judge Cunningham. All business entrusted to him will receive *prompt* and careful attention. jy21,'69

JOHN B. YOUNG, Attorney at Law. Office and residence on Third st., east of the Court House. Business promptly attended to. ap27:1y

T. H. McCREERY, Attorney at Law. Office on Third st., below the Court House. All business promptly attended to. je22, '70tf

MRS. F. D. FAST, dealer in Millinery, Trimmings, Fancy Goods, &c., on the corner of Third and Seminary streets. je14'71-1y

E. P. KUHN, Attorney at Law. Office east end of Third street, Beaver, Pa. mar30;70;1y

DR J S McNUTT, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Special attention paid to treatment of Female diseases. Residence and office on Third street, below Spring-st. [ap12'71:1y

HENRY MERZ, Manufacturer and Dealer in Boots, Shoes and Gaiters; Main st. [sep28:1y

BEAVER DRUG STORE, Hugo Andriessen Druggist & Apothecary, Main st. Prescriptions carefully compounded. [sep28:1y

NEW BRIGHTON.

CHAN COALE, Dealer in paints, oil, glass, nails, paste, glass, looking-glasses, framed, garden sauce and fancy fowls. Falls street, Brighton [sep27-71-1y

J. LANGNECKER, dealer in Watches, Clocks and Jewelry. Repairing neatly executed. Railway, near Falls-st. nov17'71-1y

W. M. SIPPERT, Baker & Confectioner, Ice cream, Oysters and Game in season. Balls, Picnics, Weddings, &c., supplied. nov1

T. N. SMITH, opposite *Press* office, Broadway, Dealer in the best of building hardware, glass and paints, which he furnishes to contractors and builders cheap for cash oct25 71-1y

H. & F. METZ, Bridge street, dealers in fresh meat and fat cattle, will visit Beaver on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday of each week. oct25-71-1y

J. EVERARD - Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions, Queensware, &c. Highest price for good butter and produce generally. Opposite Presbyterian Church, Broadway [sep27-71-1y

C. F. WINTER.—Watchmaker, Jeweler and Optician, 224 Broadway sep27-71-1y

WM. R. McDONALD Dealer in Fine Teas, Choice Family Groceries, Queensware, Glassware, Woodenware, Willow ware, &c. Broadway, near Fairest sep27-71-1y

C. B. TUTTLE, M.D.—222 Broadway, New Brighton, makes the treatment of chronic diseases and female weaknesses a specialty. Consultation free to the poor every Sunday from 1 to 3 p. m. sep27-71-1y

D. GILLILAND & CO., Dealers in fancy and Domestic Dry Goods, Millinery, Groceries, &c. Broadway, New Brighton. [sep27

J. McLAIN—Photograph Gallery. Every variety of Pictures neatly executed. Corner of Third and Broadway, New Brighton. [sep27

W. WALTHAUSE, Dealer in Italian & American Marble. Manufactures Monuments, Gravestones, &c., at reasonable prices. Railroad st., Union Depot, New Brighton. [sep27

H. MILLS, Billiards, Tobacco, Cigars and Soda. Furnishing Goods, Broadway, sep27-71-1y

J. STEWART & CO.—Groceries, Coffee, Sugar, Canned Fruits, and everything kept in a first class grocery. Bridge St., [sep13:1y

W. LEAD & WISNER, Dealers in Boots, Shoes & Gaiters, near Stemon's Confectionery. [sep13-y

MISS ANNO & M. UMSTEAD, Dealers in Fine Ladies' Furnishing Goods, Hosiery, &c. Cor Apple & Broadway [sep13y

D. ROSS RESTAURANT and EATING SALOON makes at all hours; table supplied with the best of the season. Prices low. Wm. D. Ross, cor of Paul and Broadway. my24-71-y

P. CUSICK MOUNT NURSERIES.—Evergreens, small Fruits. Three miles East of Rochester. [mar9'71-1y E. THOMAS.

D. GILLILAND & KERR, Druggists & Apothecaries, cor. Broadway and Falls st., Brighton, Pa (Successors to L. B. Noss) feb25'71-1y

C. SIMON, Bakery & Confectionery, Rochester. Special attention given to wedding cakes and ice cream [sep14 1y

S. ALLENBERG, Merchant Tailor, — New Brighton See ady [sep14.1y

H. ——, Photographer. Wilson's Block, Brighton. Best photographs from ambrotype to life size. [sep13:1y

J. ——, Dealer in Wall Paper, Window Shades, Books, Stationery & Notions, Broadway, Brighton, Pa [sep21.1y

BEAVER FALLS.

WM. ROBERTSON Dealer in the justly Celebrated Domestic Sewing Machine. Latest improvements. Main st., B. Falls [sep27

D. STEWART & SON, Dealers in Yankee Notions & Main st Beaver Falls [sep13:1y

J. FLEMING, Dealer in Boots and Shoes of every description, at low prices, and of a superior quality, Main st Beaver Falls, Pa. jan18;1y

BRIDGEWATER.

J. F. WEINMAN, Manufacturer of Boots and Shoes. Bridge st Bridgewater sep27.1y

JOHNSON, SMALL & JOHN WALTHER, Manufacturers of Wagons, Buggies, Buckboards and all kinds of Vehicles. Blacksmithing and Horseshoeing. Market st. above Bridge st. sep27-1y

J. MOLTER, dealer in Coal of all kinds for sale at Kinley's Run aug27'71-1y

MRS. HART DARRAGH, Miniature, Portrait and Photograph Painter. Work promptly executed at reasonable rates. aug2tf

C. HEBEGGER, House and Sign Painter, Bridge St, Bridgewater, Pa. apr12'71:1y

J. REHM, Bridge street, Bridgewater, Pa., Dealer in Gold and Silver Watches, Clocks, Gold and Silver Ware, Spectacles, &c. Watches and Jewelry repaired [feb15'71:1y

D. NEILMILLER, Fashionable Tailor. None but the best workmen employed. Shop on Bridge street, Bridgewater, Pa feb8-71-1y

JAMES PORTER, Tinner, Dealer in Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron ware, and Iron Chimney Tops, Bridgewat, Bridgewater sep24.1y

C. HURST, Dry Goods, Hats, Caps, Furs, Carpets, Oil Cloths and Trimmings Bridgewater, Pa sept4 1y

ROCHESTER.

W. BUEHLING, German Apothecary & Druggist, E Diamond, near Post-office, Rochester Prescriptions carefully compounded

MISS BRISBIN, Millinery, Fashionable Dressmaking & Ladies' Furnishing Goods. First class Corset Store, New York [sep27-71-1y

WILL SMITH & CO., Fancy Dry Goods, Notions and Millinery Madison st., near Diamond, Rochester, Pa [sep14.1y

BOYD & SHAW, Manufacturers of Wagons, Buggies, Spring-wagons, Sulkeys, Bob-sleighs and Horse-hoeing done in best manner, Rochester, Pa. [sep20-1y

WHISLER & LINNENBRINK, Dealers in Choice Groceries, Flour, and Mill Feed of every description, cor Brighton & Adams streets, Rochester, Pa. sept 13.1y

JAMES H. ATKINS & CO., Well diggers, Coal Bank Builders &c. Rochester Pa., near the Depot [sep20-1y

J. W. HANKINS Dealer in Boots Shoes & Gaiters, and agents for Singer's Sewing machine, New York and R. R. st. Rochester. feb22.1y

SIGMUND GROTZ, Gun-smith New work, of the best material, made to order. All work repaired. Repairing neatly done Prices low. Shop on st Rochester Pa jan8.1y

HENRY LAPP, Manufacturer and Dealer in Furniture of all kinds, Brighton st., above Adams, Rochester [sep6.1y

SAMUEL C. HANNEN, Druggist. Prescriptions carefully compounded. Water st., Rochester [sep13.1y

C. FISHER & SONS, Wholesale & Retail Dealers in Groceries, Flour, Feed, Grain, Salt, Nails Cor Water & James sts

MILLER & CO., Contractors and Builders, Manufacturers of Sash, Doors, Shutters &c Jones Lath &c Rochester Sept 13 1y

WILLIAMS & WILLIAMS, Successors to Williams & Co., Dealers in Sawed and Planed Lumber, Rochester Pa sept28.1y

SILVERY STABLE & COAL YARD, Rochester, on the Ohio river oct19:1y

CLARK & CLARK proprietors of Johnston House, Rochester, Pa. Good accommodations and good stabling. Rochester, Pa. oct19.1y

J. HIRE, dealer in Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Leather &c. Shoe neatly and promptly repaired. Diamond, Rochester, Pa. oct19.1y

J. ROCHE & BROTHER, Manufacturers of Carriages, Buggies, Spring-wagons, Blacksmithing and Horseshoeing in the best manner Rochester, Pa no16.y

ALLEGHENY CITY.

D. S. WINANS, Electrical Physician; Chronic Diseases made a specialty. Office, 187 Washington, Allegheny city, Pa. [sep14.1y

J. A. & WETZEL, the only manufacturers of Pure Wax Soap. No 8 to 16 Bingham st., Bingham, Allegheny county, Pa [jy5-tf

EAST LIVERPOOL, O.

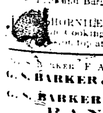
S. SCHENKEL.—A general assortment of Queensware, Stoneware, Canned Fruits &c. Cor 2d & Broadway [mar5-1y

NOAH THOMPSON & CO.—Dealers in Dry Goods, Boots Shoes, Hats & Caps, Groceries, Queensware, Glassware, &c., Cor 6th & Market st. E. Liverpool. [mar5-1y

M. HILL & CO. Druggist, Broadway, near R. R. Prescriptions carefully and accurately compounded [feb21-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. SNEAD Freedom Beaver county, Pa., Dealer in Sawed and Planed LUMBER of all kinds. Ground Barge built to order. jan9'71-1y



J. HORNBEY, Manufacturer of the Great Western Cooking Stove, and Patentee of Portable Oven, and centre Fallston, Pa

C. S. BARKER & C. A. BARKER.

C. S. BARKER & Co., *New Brighton, Pa.*, AND C. S. BARKER & CO., *Beaver Falls, Pa.*

BANKERS,

Exchange, Coin, Coupons, &c., &c.—Collections made on all accessible points in the United States and Canada. Accounts of Merchants, Manufacturers, and Individuals, solicited Interest allowed on time deposits. Correspondence will receive prompt attention. [dec21-1y

EXECUTORS NOTICE.—Letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned, on the estate of James A. Johnston, dec'd., late of Hopewell township, Beaver county, Pa., this is to notify all persons indebted, to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the said estate will present them duly authenticated for settlement, to SCOTT MITCHELL, Of South Beaver, Ex'r. dec6 6w

Miscellaneous.

Carpets, Oil Cloths,

Mattings, &c., &c.,

AT LOWEST PRICES.

Henry McCallum,

(Late McCallum Bro.'s,)

51 FIFTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

I have facilities for supplying

RETAIL DEALERS

Equal to any Eastern Jobbing House.

Henry McCallum.

apr12;1y

N. D. CONE, M. D., Late of Darlington, having removed to New-Brighton, offers his medical services, in all its branches, to the people of the city and surrounding country. Office corner of Butler and Broadway. sep13;1y

ARTIFICIAL TEETH PERFECTED!

T. J. & H. J. CHANDLER have purchased the exclusive right of Beaver county to use Dr. Stuck's Patent Gum by which they can put up Vulcanite as thin as Gold Plate, with a beautiful enamelled polish and so light and elastic as to perfectly adapt itself to the mouth; obviating all that clumsy and bulky condition, so much complained of heretofore; and lessening their liability to break 100 per cent. Indeed, no one seeing it would be willing to wear the old style plate any longer than they could conveniently get them exchanged. All branches of Dentistry performed in the best and most substantial manner. In filling teeth with gold, etc., we challenge competition from any quarter, and can refer to living subjects whose fillings have stood between thirty and forty years. Among the number Hon. John Allison will exhibit fillings we have inserted some 35 years ago; the teeth as perfect as the day they were filled. Laughing Gas prepared on a new plan, free from it from all unpleasant and dangerous effects, making the extraction of teeth a source of pleasure rather than of horror and pain. Prices as low as any good dentist in the State. Office at Beaver Station, Rochester Pa.

nov23tf T. J. & H. J. CHANDLER.

Brighton Paper Mills,

BEAVER FALLS, PENN'A.

PRINTING,

MANILLA,

ROOFING, BAILING,

Hardware, Glass, Straw.

RAG AND CARPET

PAPERS,

MANUFACTURED

And Sold At

Wholesale & Retail by

Frazier, Metzger & Co.,

82 Third Avenue,

PITTSBURGH.

☞ Rags taken in exchange. [sep19;'69tf

Homes Still Larger

FOR THE MILLION!

Rare opportunities are now offered for securing homes in a *mild, healthy, tangonal* climate for one-third of their value five years hence.

THE NATIONAL REAL ESTATE AGENCY has for sale real estate of every description, located in the Middle and Southern States, *improved stock, grain and fruit farms; rice, sugar and cotton* plantations, *timber and mineral* lands; *city, village, and country residences; business stands; mills and mill sites, factories &c*

Write for *Land Register* containing description, location, price and terms of properties we have for sale Address—B. W. CLARKE & CO.

The National Real Estate Agency.

477 and 479 Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C.

may5-tf

B. S. RANGER,

Bridge Street,

BRIDGEWATER, PA.

IS WEEKLY RECEIVING A FRESH SUPPLY OF GOODS IN EACH OF THE FOLLOWING DEPARTMENTS:

DRY GOOD

Steubenville Jeans,
Cassimeres and Sattinets,
White Woolen Blankets,
White and Colored and
Barred Flannels,
Merinos,
Delaines,
Plaids,
Ginghams,
Cobergs,
Lawns,
Water Proofs,
Chinchilla,
Cloths,
Woolen Shawls,
Brown and Black Muslins,
Drilling, Tickings,
Prints,
Cotton
Flannels,
Jaconets,
Table Linen,
Irish Linen,
Crash,
Counterpanes,
Hosiery,
Gloves,
& Mits

Groceries,

Coffee, Teas, Sugar, Molasses, White Silver Drips, Golden and Common Syrups, Mackerel in barrels and kits, Star and Tallow Candles, Soaps, Spices and Choice Meat. Also, SALT

Hardware, Nails, Glass,

Door Locks, Door Latches, Hinges, Screws, Table Cutlery, Table and Tea Spoons, Sleigh Bells, Coal Boxes, Fire Shovels and Pokers, Nails and Glass, Spades, Shovels, 2, 3 and 4 Tine Forks, Rakes, Scythes and Snaths, Corn and Garden Hoes

WOODENWARE.

Buckets, Tubs, Churns Butter Prints and Ladles

CARBON OIL,

Linseed Oil & White Lead.

Boots and Shoes

LADIES' MISSES' AND CHILDRENS' SHOES, in great variety

Rifle Powder and Shot,

Blasting Powder and Fuse.

Flour Feed & Queensware.

All heavy goods delivered free of charge.

By close attention to business, and by keeping constantly on hand a well assorted stock of goods of all the different kinds usually kept in a country store, the undersigned hopes in the future as in the past to merit and receive a liberal share of the public patronage. B. S. RANGER.

dec27'68-1y. jy5chgd

CITY BOTTLING HOUSE,

No. 39 Market Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

J. C. Buffum & Co.

BOTTLERS OF

Sarsaparilla, Mineral and Raspberry Soda Waters, Syrups and Cider, Smith's Kennett, Wainwrights, and all the best brands of Ale and London Porter, selected and bond bottled for Medical and Family use Goods delivered free. [mar8;'71.1y

ALLEGHENY BREWERY.—Spring A. Water Ales. SMITH & CO., Brewers, Maltsters and Hop dealers. No. 465, Rebecca street, Allegheny, Pa. THOS. BOOTA, R. A. YOUNG.

Highest cash price paid for Barley. jy5;1y

STEREOSCOPES,

VIEWS,

ALBUMS,

CHROMOS,

FRAMES,

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,

591 Broadway, New-York.

Invite the attention of the trade to their extensive assortment of the above goods, *of their own publication, manufacture and importation.*

Also,

PHOTO LANTERN SLIDES

and

GRAPHOSCOPES.

NEW VIEWS OF YOSEMITE.

E. & H. T. Anthony & Co.,

591 Broadway, New York,

Opposite Metropolitan Hotel.

Importers and Manufacturers of

PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS.

mar8;'71—1y

Railroads.

RAILROADS.

PITTS., FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWAY. On and after Nov. 12th, 1871. Trains will leave Stations daily, (Sundays excepted) as follows. [Train leaving Chicago at 5.35, P. M., leaves daily.] [Train leaving Pittsburgh at 3.00 P. M., leaves daily.]

TRAINS GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	Exp's.	Exp's.	Mail.	Exp's
Pittsburgh	145AM	930AM	710AM	230PM
Rochester	252	1042	845	338
Salem				
Alliance	505	1135PM	1115	615
Canton				
Massillon				
Orrville	633	323	1531PM	747
Wooster				
Mansfield	808	535	422	916
Crestline { A / D	910 / 930	610 / 635	500 / 610AM	1010 / 1020
Bucyrus				
Upper Sandusky				
Forest	1053	828	750	1143AM
Lima	1152	950	900	1243
Van Wert				
Fort Wayne	210PM	1230PM	1140	255
Columbia				
Warsaw				
Plymouth	417	305	225PM	510
Valparaiso				
Chicago	720	650	630	820PM

TRAINS GOING EAST.

STATIONS.	Exp's.	Exp's.	Mail.	Exp's
Chicago	920AM	535PM	550AM	920PM
Valparaiso				
Plymouth	1205PM	905	945	1210AM
Warsaw				
Columbia				
Fort Wayne	220	1135	1240PM	315
Van Wert				
Lima	420	142AM	945	505
Forest	520	250	420	622
Upper Sandusky				
Bucyrus				
Crestline { A / D	640 / 700	420 / 430	650 / 1130AM	805 / 830
Mansfield	734	500	1205PM	904
Wooster				
Orrville	920	700	225	1112
Massillon				
Canton				
Alliance	1100	850	440	1135PM
Salem				
Rochester	104AM	1105	717	337
Pittsburgh	210	1210PM	835	445

Youngstown, New Castle and Erie Express leaves Youngstown at 2:10 p. m; New Castle, 2:55 p. m; arrives at Pittsburgh, 5:15 p. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh 7:00 a. m; arr.: at New Castle, 9:30 a. m. Youngstown, 10:20, a. m.

Youngstown, New Castle and Pittsburgh Accommodation leaves Youngstown, 6:30 a. m; New Castle, 7:20 a. m; arrives at Pittsburgh, 10:10 a. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh, 2:00 p. m; arrives New Castle, 5:45 p. m.

F. R. MYERS.

General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH RAILROAD. On and after Nov 12th 1871, trains will leave Stations daily (Sundays excepted) as follows

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS	Mail.	Exp's.	Accom
Cleveland	840AM	1215PM	355PM
Euclid Street			
Hudson	1000	121	505
Ravenna	1030	155	532
Alliance	1130	254	615
Bayard	1202PM	322	
Wellsville	155	440	
Pittsburgh	400	640	

GOING NORTH.

STATIONS	Mail.	Exp's.	Accom.
Pittsburgh	630AM	210PM	
Wellsville	900	429	
Bayard	1025	551	
Alliance	1135	650	725AM
Ravenna	1220PM	734	815
Hudson	1253	734	855
Euclid Street			
Cleveland	210	845	1010

GOING EAST.

STATIONS.	Accom	Mail.	Exp's	Accom
Bellair	545AM		200PM	
Bridgeport	555		210	
Steubenville	700		315	
Wellsville	815	155PM	440	
Smith's Ferry				
Beaver				
Rochester	920	255	535	
Pittsburgh	1040	400	640	

GOING WEST.

STATIONS	Mail.	Exp's.	Accom	Accom
Pittsburgh	630AM	210PM	435PM	
Rochester	740	310	445	
Beaver				
Smith's Ferry				
Wellsville	855	110	700	
Steubenville	955	540		
Bridgeport	1057	628		
Bellair	1110	650		

TUSCARAWAS BRANCH.

Leaves.	Arrives.
N. Philadelphia 6:40a.m.	Bayard 9:45 a. m.
Bayard 12:10 p. m.	N Philadelphia 3:00 p.m.

F. R. MYERS, General Ticket Agent.

Miscellaneous.

CLOTHING STORE.

NEW GOODS!

WINTER STOCK.

The undersigned takes pleasure in informing his friends and the public generally that he has just received and opened

A New Stock of Goods,

OF THE LATEST STYLES FOR

Fall and Winter Wear.

He keeps the best of workmen in his employ, and feels confident of his ability to cut and make up garments both

FASHIONABLE & DURABLE.

and in such a manner as will please his customers.

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS

ALWAYS ON HAND

Call and see us before leaving your Orders Elsewhere

WILLIAM REICH, Jr.

may4;70;1y Bridgewater, Pa

The Great Cause of HUMAN MISERY. *Just Published in a Sealed Envelope. Price, 6 cts.* A Lecture on the nature, treatment and radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self Abuse, &c., by ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c

The world renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self Abuse may be effectually removed without medicines, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically. *This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands*

Sent, under seal, to any address, in a plain sealed envelope, on the receipt of six cents or two postage stamps. Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. Address the Publishers, CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO., 127 Bowery, New York, P. O. Box 1,586. aug5-1y;chdy5 sep27

J. MOORE

DRUGGIST

Prescriptions Carefully and Accurately Compounded.

THE BEST BRANDS OF ASSORTED

Medicinal

WINES AND LIQUORS;

Paints, Oils,

AND

DYE STUFFS:

ANILINE DYES OF ALL COLORS;

GLASS & PUTTY;

Special attention given to secure the best quality of Lamps and Lamp Trimmings, Lanterns &c.

A Large Assortment of

TOILET ARTICLES, SOAPS,

BRUSHES &

PATENT MEDICINES,

Main Street, Beaver Pa. [Dec7-70tf

Medicinal.

AN APPEAL

To Debilitated Persons,
To Dyspeptics,
To Sufferers from Liver Complaint,
To those having no Appetite,
To those with Broken Down Constitutions,
To Nervous People,
To Children Wasting Away,
To any with Debilitated Digestive Organs,

Or Suffering with any of the following Symptoms, which indicate Disordered Liver or Stomach:

Such as Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness or Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c; Sudden Flushes of Heat; Burning in the Flesh; Constant Imaginings of Evil, and Great Depression of Spirits.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

A Bitters without Alcohol, or Spirits of any kind,

Is different from all others. It is composed of the pure juices, or **Vital Principle of Roots, Herbs and Barks,** (or, as medicinally termed, Extracts,) the worthless or inert portions of the ingredients not being used. Therefore, in one bottle of these Bitters there is contained as much medicinal virtue as will be found in several gallons of ordinary mixtures. The Roots, &c, used in this Bitters are grown in Germany, their vital principles extracted in that country by a scientific Chemist, and forwarded to the manufactory in this city, where they are compounded and bottled. Containing no spirituous ingredients, this Bitters is free from the objections urged against all others; no desire for stimulents can be indneed from their use; they cannot make drunkards, and cannot, under any circumstances, have any but a beneficial effect.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC,

Was compounded for those not inclined to extreme bitters, and is intended for use in cases when some alcoholic stimulent is required in connection with the Tonic properties of the Bitters. Each bottle of the Tonic contains one bottle of the Bitters, combined with pure SANTA CRUZ RUM, and blended in such a manner that the extreme bitterness of the Bitters is overcome, forming a preparation highly agreeable and pleasant to the palate, and containing the medicinal virtues of the Bitters. The price of the Tonic is $1.50 per Bottle, which many persons think too high. They must take into consideration that the stimulant used is guaranteed to be of a pure quality. A poor article could be furnished at a cheaper price, but is it not better to pay a little more and have a good article? A medicinal preparation should contain none but the best ingredients; and they who expect to obtain a cheap compound, and be benefitted by it will most certainly be cheated.

HOOFLAND'S
GERMAN BITTERS,
OR
HOOFLAND'S
GERMAN TONIC,
WITH HOOFLAND'S
Podophyllin Pill,
WILL CURE YOU.

They are the Greatest

BLOOD PURIFIERS

Known to the Medical world; and will eradicate diseases arising from impure Blood, Debility of the Digestive Organs, or diseased Liver, in a shorter time than any other known remedies.

THE WHOLE SUPREME COURT OF PENNSYLVANIA SPEAK for these REMEDIES. Who would ask for more dignified and stronger testimony?

Hon GEORGE W. WOODWARD, formerly Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, at present Member of Congress from Pennsylvania, writes:

PHILADELPHIA, March 16, 1867.

I find "Hoofland's German Bitters" is a good tonic, useful in diseases of the digestive organs, and of great benefit in cases of debility and want of nervous action in the system. Yours truly,

GEORGE W. WOODWARD

Hon. JAMES THOMPSON, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania

PHILADELPHIA, April 28, 1867.

I consider "Hoofland's German Bitters" a valuable medicine in case of attacks of Indigestion or Dyspepsia. I can certify this from my experience of it.

Yours, with respect,
JAMES THOMPSON.

Hon. GEORGE SHARSWOOD, Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania

PHILADELPHIA, June 1, 1868.

I have found by experience that "Hoofland's German Bitters" is a very good tonic, relieving dyspeptic symptoms almost directly. GEO. SHARSWOOD.

Hon WM F. ROGERS, Mayor of the City of Buffalo, New York.

Mayor's Office, Buffalo, June 22, '69.

I have used "Hoofland's German Bitters and Tonic in my family during the past year, and can recommend them as an excellent tonic, imparting tone and vigor to the system. Their use has been productive of decidedly beneficial effects.

WM. F. ROGERS.

Hon. James M. Wood, *Ex-Mayor of Williamsport Pennsylvania*.

I take great pleasure in recommending "Hoofland's German Tonic" to any one who may be afflicted with Dyspepsia. I had the Dyspepsia so badly it was impossible to keep my food on my stomach, and I became so weak as not, to be able to walk half a mile. Two bottles of Tonic effected a perfect cure. JAMES M. WOOD.

REMEMBER THAT

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,

AND

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC

Will Cure every Case of

Marasmus,

Or Wasting away of the body.

REMEMBER

THAT

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN REMEDIES

Are the medicines you require to purify the Blood, excite the torpid liver to healthy action, and to enable you to pass safely through any hardships or exposure.

DR. HOOFLAND'S

PODOPHYLLIN,

Or Substitute for Mercury Pills

TWO PILLS A DOSE.

The Most Powerful, yet Innocent, Vegetable Cathartic known.

It is not necessary to take a handful of these Pills to produce the desired effect; two of them act quickly and powerfully, cleansing the Liver, Stomach and Bowels of all impurities. The principal ingredient is Podophyllin, or the Alcoholic Extract of Mandrake, which is by many times more powerful, acting and searching than Mandrake itself. Its peculiar action is upon the Liver, cleaning it speedily from all obstructions, with all the power of Mercury, yet free from the injurious results attached to that mineral.

For all diseases, in which the use of a cathartic is indicated, these pills will give entire satisfaction in every case. They *never fail.*

In cases of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia and extreme costiveness, Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters or Tonic builds up the system. The Bitters or Tonic purifies the Blood, strengthens the Nerves, *regulates* the Liver, and gives strength, energy and vigor.

Keep your Bowels active with the Pills, and tone up the system with Bitters or Tonic, and no disease can retain the hold, or even assail you.

Recollect that it is DR. HOOFLAND'S GERMAN Remedies that are so universally used and highly recommended; and do not allow the Druggist to induce you to take anything else that he may say is just as good, because he makes a larger profit on it.

These remedies will be sent by express to any locality, upon application to the PRINCIPAL OFFICE, at the GERMAN MEDICINE STORE, No. 631, ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

CHAS. M. EVANS, Proprietor.

Formerly C. M. JACKSON & CO.

These Remedies are for Sale by Druggists, Storekeepers and Medicine Dealers everywhere. jan18-1y-chdy5;oct25.

Gold & Silver Watches.

AMERICAN

WATCH AGENCY

—AND—

PITTSBURGH

CLOCK-HOUSE,

—OF—

Silver Waltham Watches,
$15, $20, $25, $30, $35.

Gold Waltham Watches,
$60, $70, $80, $90.

Ladies' Gold Watches,
$25, $30, $35, $40, $50.

CHAINS, JEWELRY,

—AND—

SILVER WARE.

AMERICAN & SWISS

CLOCKS.

Fine Spectacles and Eye Glasses.

E. P. ROBERTS,

No. 16 Fifth Avenue,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Prices, on all goods, greatly reduced. My present large stock must be closed out, in order to rebuild. nov16-1y

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

GENTLEMEN OF THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES: In addressing my third annual message to the law-making department of the government, it is gratifying to be able to state that during the past year success has generally attended the effort to execute all laws found upon the statute books. The policy of refusing to inquire into the wisdom of laws already enacted, but to learn their spirit and intent, and then to enforce them accordingly, which for the past year has, under a wise Providence, been one of general prosperity to the nation. It has, however, been attended with more than the usual chastisements in the loss of life and property by storm and fire. These disasters have served to call forth the best elements of nature in our country, and develop a friendship for us on the part of foreign nations which goes far toward alleviating the distresses occasioned by these calamities. The benevolent, who have so generously shared their means with the victims of these misfortunes, will reap their reward in the consciousness of having performed a noble act, and in receiving the grateful thanks of men, women, and children; whose sufferings they have relieved.

RELATIONS WITH FOREIGN POWERS.

The relations of the United States with foreign powers continue to be friendly. The year has been an eventful one in witnessing two great nations, speaking the same language and having one lineage, settle by peaceful arbitration disputes long standing, and liable at any time to bring those nations into a war which would be equally conflict. An example has been set which, must be followed by other civilized nations, and finally be the means of returning to productive industry, millions of men who are now maintained to settle the disputes of nations by the bayonet and the broadside. I transmit herewith a copy of the treaty alluded to, which has been concluded since the adjournment of Congress with Her Brittannic Majesty, and a copy of the protocols of the conferences of the Commissioners by whom it was negotiated. This treaty provides methods for adjusting the questions pending between the two nations. Various questions are to be adjusted by arbitration.

GENEVA TRIBUNAL.

I recommend Congress, at an early day, to make the necessary provision for the tribunal at Geneva, and for the several commissions called for on the part of the United States by the treaty. His Majesty the King of Italy, the President of the Swiss Confederation and His Majesty the Emperor of Brazil have consented, on the joint request of the two powers, to name an arbitrator for the tribunal at Geneva. I have caused my thanks to be suitably expressed for the readiness with which the joint request has been complied with by the appointment of gentlemen of eminence and learning to these important positions. His Majesty the Emperor of Germany has been pleased to comply with the joint request of the two governments, and has consented to act as the arbitrator of the disputed water boundary between the United States and Great Britain. The contracting parties in the treaty have undertaken to regard, as between themselves, certain principles of public law for which the United States have contended from the commencement of their history. They have also agreed to bring these principles to the knowledge of the other maritime powers, and to invite them to accede to them. Negotiations are going on as to the form of the mode by which the invitation is to be extended to the other powers.

CANADIAN FISHERIES, &C.

I recommend legislation necessary on the part of the United States to bring into operation the articles of the treaty relating to the fisheries and to the other matters touching the relations of the United States toward the British North American provinces, to become operative so soon as the proper legislation shall be had on the part of Great Britain and its possessions, as it is much to be desired that this legislation may become operative before the fishermen of the United States begin to make their arrangements for the coming season. I have addressed a communication, of which a copy is transmitted herewith, to the Governors of New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, Illinois and Wisconsin, urging upon the governments of those States respectively the necessary action on their part to carry into effect the object of the treaty, which contemplates the use of the canals on either side connected with the navigation of the lakes and rivers forming the boundary, on terms of equality by the inhabitants of both countries. It is to be hoped that the importance of the object and the benefits to flow therefrom will secure the speedy approval and the legislative sanction of the States concerned.

NORTHERN BOUNDARY.

I renew the recommendation for an appropriation for determining the true position of the forty-ninth parallel of latitude where it forms the boundary between the United States and the British North American provinces, between the Lake of the Woods and the summit of the Rocky Mountains. The early action of Congress on this recommendation would put it in the power of the War Department to place a force in the field during the next summer.

GERMANY AND FRANCE.

The resumption of diplomatic relations between France and Germany has enabled me to give directions for the withdrawal of the protection extended to Germans in France by the diplomatic and consular representatives of the United States in that country. It is just to add that the delicate duty of this protection has been performed by our Minister and Consul General at Paris and the various Consuls in France. Under the supervision of the latter, with great kindness, as well as with prudence and tact, their course has received the commendation of the German government, and has wounded no susceptibility of the French. The government of the Emperor of Germany continues to manifest a friendly feeling toward the United States, and a desire to harmonize with the moderate and just policy which this government maintains in its relations with Asiatic powers, as well as with the South American republics. I have given assurances that the friendly feelings of that government are fully shared by the people of the United States.

Ratifications of the consular and naturalization convention with the Austro-Hungarian Empire have been exchanged.

ITALY.

I have been officially informed of the migration of the States of the Church to the Kingdom of Italy and the removal of the capital of that kingdom to Rome. In conformity with the established policy of the United States, I have recognized the change. The ratifications of the new treaty of commerce between the United States and Italy have been exchanged. The two powers have agreed in this treaty that private property at sea shall be respected during war between the two powers. The United States have spared no opportunity of incorporating this rule into the obligations of nations.

SPANISH CLAIMS

The Beaver Argus.

J. WEYAND, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Beaver, Pa., Dec. 13th, 1871.

THE Prince of Wales, Queen Victoria's eldest son, and the heir to the British Throne, has been dangerously ill for several days, and little if any hope exists for his recovery. Bulletins are issued hourly, by his physicians, but none of an encouraging character. He is very much prostrated and this is mainly due to the hemorrhage of ulcers in his intestines, one of which it is feared has been perforated.

THE President's annual message will be found in this week's ARGUS. It is not a lengthy document and will, doubtless, command a very general reading. The message is favorably referred to by a large majority of the newspapers of the country, and even those in Europe have little or no fault with it as a State paper.—Some few of the Democratic papers affect to be displeased with some of the President's recommendations; but this is no doubt the result of the fact that he belongs to a party different from their own.

IN view of the political complications existing in Ohio, a number of prominent Republicans of that State have asked the Hon. John A. Bingham to allow the use of his name as a candidate for the United States Senate, in place of Hon. John Sherman, whose term expires in 1872. Mr. Bingham would make a Senator of whom any State or any constituency might feel a hearty pride. We earnestly trust, therefore, that Mr. Bingham may be Mr. Sherman's successor, if the people of that State desire a change in their Senatorial representation.

THE New York *Herald* of last Saturday stated that it received on that morning intelligence to the effect that a movement was on foot at Washington to impeach President Grant. The main charge against the President is to be the alleged violation of international law and usurpation of the war power by the President in connection with the attempted annexation of St. Domingo, and the articles framed on this point are to be taken mainly from the substance of Sumner's famous speech in Congress on that question. Of course the whole thing is sensational, and probable originated nowhere else than in the *Herald* office.

THE TRIAL of Mrs. Ellen G. Wharton, indicted several months ago in Baltimore, for the poisoning of General W. S. Ketchum and others, commenced at Annapolis, Md., on Monday of last week (Dec. 4). The trial of the case was removed from Baltimore to Annapolis on account of the intense feeling existing against her in the former city. Her daughter still continues with her. The ablest legal talent in the State, is engaged in one or the other sides. It is now generally supposed that she will be acquitted, from the fact that none but circumstantial evidence, and it not being strong, will be brought up against her. Mrs. Wharton is about 47 years of age, shows traces of great beauty when young, and comes from a highly influential and respectable family.

THE election for city officers, in Pittsburgh, was held on Tuesday the 5th inst. The Republicans carried the City Treasurer, City Comptroller and a majority of Councilmen and Aldermen, but were defeated in their candidate for Mayor. Mr. Morgan was the Republican candidate for that office; and James S. Blackmore, the Democratic, Reform and Workingmen's candidate. The latter was elected by about 1400 majority. Mr. Morgan, it seems, did not possess the confidence of the Republicans of the City—hence his defeat in a district which ought to have given the Republican candidate a majority of 2000. This is another lesson for party managers, and should teach them to force no one upon the Republican ticket who is lacking in any of the essentials which make up a good man.

SPEAKER BLAINE AND THE TARIFF. The following special dispatch to the Philadelphia *Record*, which if true, ought to settle any aspiration Mr. Blaine may have for the Presidency, or Vice Presidency, so far, at least as the vote of Pennsylvania is concerned:

The composition of the Ways and Means Committee is very generally looked upon as in the interest of revenue reform, and meets with great disfavor among Pennsylvanians. The Protectionists Messrs. Dawes, Kelly, Roberts and Maynard. The revenue reformers, Messrs. Burchard, of Illinois, and Finkelnburg, of Missouri, Democrats, Brooks, of New York; Beck and Kerr, thus giving the Revenue Reformers one majority. Finkelnberg is a pronounced revenue reformer, while Burchard, of Illinois, untornly voted for a low rate of duties in the last Congress.

In another column will be found the details of the bill introduced by Senator Sumner, on the first day of the session of the Senate this winter. We think it a matter of vast importance to the commercial and general business interests of the entire country; and should, therefore, command the careful and critical attention of the public. Compound interest notes—such as his bill provides—have been already tried, and their operation is, therefore, well known. It is their peculiar quality that, at the time of their issue, they enter into the natural currency and become a part of the active circulation; but, as the interest accumulates they are gradually withdrawn and held as securities. So long as there is little appreciable accumulation of interest, these notes pass from hand to hand as ordinary greenbacks; but this ceases with their increase in value. Mr. Sumner says, if these compound interest notes are made a substitute for greenbacks' the currency is gradually contracted according to the laws of trade, until it is on a par with gold, and we arrive at specie payments. Until this is established the nation is bankrupt, and its outstanding notes are no better than failed paper. Beyond the stigma implicated by this condition, there is a derangement of affairs and consequent embarrassment in commercial relations abroad. Our business is out of gear with the business of the world, while at home a vicious speculation runs riot. This has been allowed to go on too long. During the war it could not have been prevented, but it should have ceased with the war. The suspension of specie payments was a war measure like the suspension of the habeas corpus and the draft, and like those it should have discontinued at once. So long as it is allowed to prevail we have a war measure carried into a period of peace, and as such it is out of place and out of season.

HERE AND THERE.

—Brantome thus enumerates the qualities of female beauty; "Three white attractions, the skin, teeth and eyelids; three red, the lips, cheeks and nails; three long, the body, hair and hands; three short, the teeth, ears and feet; and three broad, the chest, forehead and space between the eyes."

—Quite a flutter in the theatrical world has been created by the announcement of Miss Olive Logan's approaching marriage. The event is to take place on Tuesday, December 19th, at No. 55 West Ninth street, New York' and the Rev. Robert Collyer, of Chicago, is to officiate on the occasion, The groom is to be Mr. Wirt Sikes, a literateur of some repute. After the ceremony a grand reception will be given, lasting from eleven to one o'clock. Miss Logan was married in Boston, in April, 1857, to Mr. A. Delille, from whom she was granted a divorce by the courts of New York in December, 1865.

—On the 29th ultimo, says the Alexandria, Va., *Gazette*, was sold the farm called Hazel Plain, in Prince William county, Va., (better known as the Chinn farm), containing 550 acres, belonging to B. T. Chinn, for $8 per acre, to Mrs. Mary A. Downman, executrix. This farm is a portion of the plateau on which were fought the first and second battles of Manassas. When the war commenced it was under a high state of improvement, and the dwelling one of the best in the State; but that scourge devastated it, and the open fields, and young pines and shattered mansion, all now bear evidence to the bloody conflicts of which it was the scene.

—While Wendell Philips clamors for the expulsion of all Chinese from the country, and some of the State and city officials on the Pacific coast seem to be in collusion with their persecutor, being apparently afraid or powerless to bring the murderers and tormenters of these poor fellows to justice, the Government authorities in parts of China are setting a very different example. A letter from the Superintendent of the Methodist, Episcopal Mission in the Hokchiary district, south of Foochow, relates accounts of three outrages in different places, upon native missionaries, in each of which cases the local magistrate or military officer promptly interfered rescued the victims, and took immediate measures to punish the assailants. In each instance the preacher would have been killed but for the noble and firm conduct of the authorities.

—Another girl full of needles! Truly there is no limit to the marvelous. It is only necessary to start a peculiar kind of phenomena, when a thousand similar cases spring up all over the land. Memphis has a girl so full of needles that if a crank were attached she would make a capital sewing machine. The rate of speed with which they travel from one part of her body to another is wonderful. At night she felt them in her cheek, and at 5 o'clock the next morning they were in her arm. A bountiful application of liniment brought out three steel points upon her arm, and with the aid of pincers three needles were extracted. The rubbing was kept up with unabated zeal, and six more needles came to the surface. This exhausted the supply, for, despite the most prodigal use of liniment, not another needle would appear.

—If Thomas Ducey had been an ancient Roman instead of living in 1871, in Lowell, Mass., he would have been presented with a civic crown, and possibly have had a statue in the Capitol after his demise. And why? Because Thomas Ducey is or has been the father of 34 children by only 3 wives! No, 34 is only a few days old. One of the little Duceys died some years ago. Mrs. Ducey No. 1 had 11 children. Mrs. Thomas Ducey No. 2 had 17 children. Mrs. Tom Ducey No. 3 who is still living, and may still glorify the Ducey name by further like presentations to her lord has had 3. Of course, a family like this, amounting to a small village population, cannot be founded in a day; and our readers will not perhaps be surprised to learn that the great Ducey is 90 years of age; but the little Ducey who came into the world the other night is all the more a phenomenon.

—The New York *Post* makes an important statement with reference to the position of Governor Hoffman. After announcing that he is no longer a Presidential candidate, the *Post* says: "Governor Hoffman also renounces his long cherished adherence to the Democratic party. He is unreserved in his conviction that the party must be dissolved. For a long time he looked for its simple reorganization upon the basis of the existing State and National organizations, but the utter overthrow of it in New York and its popular defeat in other States, too late to rally for next year's election, satisfy him that the final judgment of the people has been pronounced upon the party, under its present leaders, without regard to 'new departures' or 'ancient usages,' 'passive policies,' or 'reconstructed platforms.' He is for a new party, out and out, and is ready to act with Horace Greeley, Carl Schurz and Charles Sumner in forming one on the basis of national reform, a strict construction, and the supremacy of the civil over the military power."

The Fourth Senate District.

A Harrisburg dispatch to the Philadelphia *Inquirer* says: "Considerable interest concentrates in the organization of the Senate, and prominent politicians figure in the discussions. There have been no meetings of either party on the complications arising, and all reports of compromises are unfounded. It is a mistake to suppose that the Governor will issue any writ for an election in the Fourth senatorial district, as the constitutional right to issue any writ is vested, in the interim Speaker of the Senate, Mr. Broadhead, who being a Democrat and presiding officer at the openiug of the Senate, has to act up to the actions of the State Central committee, and refuse to issue the writ until the death of the late Senator Connell is announced on the Senate floor, Twenty days must elapse then before an election can be held.

Forty-Second Congress.

SECOND SESSION.

SENATE, Dec. 4.—Senate met at noon. The customary committees were appointed to inform the House and the President that the Senate was organized and ready for business. Among the resolutions introduced was one for immediately rebuilding the Custom House and Post office in Chicago. A number of petitions were presented. Mr. Sumner introduced a bill to authorize compound interest notes to be substituted for those of the legal tender. It is thought this scheme would soon bring about specie payments. The bill is published elsewhere in this paper. Among the bills introduced was one to aid in the suppression of polygamy in Utah; to adjust private land claims in Louisiana, Florida and Missouri; to regulate actions in the Court of Clams, &c. A resolution was offered inquiring by what authority the President had suspended the writ of *habeas corpus* in some of the Southern States recently; referred. A bill for the relief of Chicago sufferers was introduced. The President's Message was read and ordered to be printed. The annual departmental reports were received and ordered to be printed. Adjourned.

HOUSE.—The House was called to order at noon. Prayer by Chaplain. On the call of the roll 201 members answered to their names. The usual committees to notify the Senate and the President that the House was organized and ready to proceed to business, were appointed. The Speaker then announced the Standing Committees. A resolution was presented inquiring by what authority the President had suspended the writ of *habeas corpus* in some of the Southern States; referred. Several new members were then sworn in. A resolution was offered inquiring what security there was for life or property in the State of Kentucky; referred. Among the bills offered was one to repeal the income tax, granting bounty lands to soldiers and sailors of the late war, their widows and orphans; to revive the navigation and commerce of the United States. A resolution was passed authorizing and requiring Government Officers to allow full wages for eight hours work of Government employees, which had been withheld in certain cases. A resolution was offered to assess all taxes on the basis of wealth, instead of population. After some further uninteresting proceeding the President's Message was read and ordered to be printed. Adjourned.

SENATE, Dec. 5.—Various bills were introduced and referred. The report of Capt Selfridge relative to his survey of Tehauntapec Ship Canal was called for by resolution. An attempt was made to call up the resolution calling on the President for information by what authority he had suspended the writ of *habeas corpus* in certain States, but was lost, for the resolution calling on the Catacazy correspondence. A bill was received from the House declaring the meaning of the eight hour law; an amendment was offered to abolish it. Some discussion was had, but before final action the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—Several bills were introduced. A bill was reported from the Post-office Committee to revise consolidate and amend the laws relating to the Post-office Department. The House, in Committee of the Whole, received the President's proposition to assume the telegraph-postal system to the Post-office Committee; the balance of the message was referred to appropriate committees. Some discussion was had on the subject of the existence of the Insurrectionary Committee, and it was understood that it still survived. The subject of absorbing all the telegraph lines by the Post-office department was discussed at length. A resolution was adopted inquiring into the expediency of establishing a Laboring Bureau. Adjourned.

SENATE, Dec. 6.—A resolution to arrest two contumacious witnesses, who refused to testify before the Ku-Klux Committee, was offered and laid over. A bill was introduced to amend the Act to enforce the right of citizens to vote in the several States of this Union. Also, a bill to prevent and punish bribery and corruption in the election of Presidential Electors and Members of Congress. After an ineffectual attempt to take up the general amnesty bill, a message was received from the President, transmitting the Catacazy correspondence—after which the Senate went into executive session, and then adjourned.

HOUSE.—A resolution was adopted instructing the Railway Committee to inquire into the expediency of connecting Lake Michigan and the Mississippi River by a ship canal.—Resolutions were offered: calling on the President for information in regard to the recent invasion of South Carolina by U. S. troops; calling on the President for the instructions to naval commanders in Cuban waters for the protection of American life and property and the maintenance of the dignity of our flag; for information on the recent executions in Havana, and in relation to the failure of Spain to carry out her promises of reforms in the West Indies, all of which were adopted except the one relative to the invasion. The bill to consolidate the postal laws went over. The House proceeded to the consideration of the apportionment bill of last session; the 2d and 3d sections, providing for two additional members in the Forty-Second Congress were struck out. After much discussion, and the offering of several amendments, the committee rose, and the House adjourned.

SENATE, Dec. 7.—Numerous petitions were presented on various subjects. A bill to unite postal and telegraph service was presented. The joint resolution for the arrest of the recussant Ku-Klux witnesses was called up, but no conclusive action was had. Bills were introduced regulating the pay of officers in the navy and executive departments, and for the incorporation of a postal telegraph company. Exective Session. Adjourned till Monday.

HOUSE.—Various bills were introduced and referred, after which the House took up the bill codifying the postal laws, but before the reading of the bill was concluded, the morning session expired, when the House adjourned till Monday.

YERKS, THE DEFAULTING BROKER.

Petition of Bankruptcy Granted.

Wednesday morning, in the United States Court, Philadelphia, Judge Cadwalader presiding, H. Bucher Swoope, esq., in behalf of R. W. Mackey, submitted a petition praying that Charles T. Yerkes be adjudged a bankrupt.

Mr. S., in presenting the petition, asked that it be granted independently of any other proceedings that have taken place in the matter.

Judge Cadwalader said he could not allow this, as it was due to Mr. Yerkes that he should not be harrassed with suits from each of his individual creditors, but that it might take the usual course, and Mr. Mackey could come in as an intervening creditor. This suggestion was accepted by Mr. Swoope.

In reply to a question of Judge Cadwalader, Mr. Swoope informed him that Mr. Mackey had reimbursed the State Treasury, and consequently the amount deposited by him with Mr. Yerkes became a private obligation. The following order was then made by the Court.

And now, to wit, 6th December, 1871, 10:40 a. m. this application is received, to take effect as a petition for intervention under the proceedings numbered 1,434, or as an independent petition, as may best avail with due regard to all interests involved. A special citation, returnable on Wednesday next, will be issued in place of the usual formal order to show cause.

THE following are the Chairmen of the Standing Committees of the U. S. House of Representatives:

Elections—Mr. McCrary, of Iowa.
Ways and Means—Mr. Dawes, of Massachusetts.
Appropriations—Mr. Garfield, of Ohio.
Banking and Currency—Mr. Hooper, of Massachusets.
Pacific Railroads—Mr. Wheeler, of New York.
Claims—Mr. Blair, of Michigan.
Commerce—Mr. Shallabargar, of Ohio.
Public Lands—Mr. Ketcham of New York.
Post offices and Postroads—Mr. Farnsworth, of Illinois.
Manufacturers—Mr. Samuel J. Burdett, of Missouri. McClelland, our Representative, is a member of this Committee.
Agriculture—Mr. Wilson of Ohio.
Indian Affairs—Mr. Shanks, of Indiana.
Military Affairs—Coburn, of Indiana.
Militia—Mr. Shelden of Louisiana.
District of Columbia—Mr. Starkweather, of Connecticut.
Judiciary—Mr. Bingham, of Ohio.
Revolutionary Claims—Mr. Wallace, of South Carolina.
Public Expenditures, Mr. Sawyer, of Wisconsin.
Private Land Claims—Mr. Murcur, of Pennsylvania.
Naval Affairs—Mr. Scofield, of Pennsylvania.
Foreign Affairs—Mr. Banks of Massachusetts.
Territories—Mr. Taffa, of Nebraska.
Revolutionary Pensions and War of 1812—Mr. Willard, of Vermont.
Invalid Pensions—Mr. Moore, of Illinois.
Railroads and Canals—Mr. Packer, of Pennsylvania.
Mines and Mining—Mr. Waldron, of Michigan.
Freedmen's Affairs—Mr. Cobb, of North Carolina.
Education and Labor—Mr. Price, of Mississippi.
Revision of Laws of the United States—Mr. Butler, of Massachusetts.
Coinage, Weights and Mesures—Mr. Kelly, of Pennsylvania.
Patents—Mr. Myers, of Pennsylvania.
Public Buildings and Grounds—Mr. Halsey, of New Jersey.
Mileage—Mr. McGrew, of West Virginia.
Accounts—Mr. Buffington, of Massachusetts.
Expenditures of State Department—Mr. Congor, of Michigan.
Expenditures of Treasury Department—Mr. Lynch, of Maine.
Expenditures of War Department—Mr. Williams, of Indiana.
Expenditures of Navy Department—Mr. Kelly, of Connecticut.
Expenditures of Post-office Department—Mr. Burry, of Mississippi.
Expenditures of the Interior Department—Mr. Hill, of New Jersey.
Expenditures of Public Buildings—Mr. Hawley, of Illinois.
Rules—The Speaker.
Printing—Mr. Beatty, of Ohio.
Library—Mr. Peters, of Maine.
Enrolled Bills—Mr. Buckley, of Alabama.
Joint Insurrectionary Committee—Mr. Polland, of Vermont.
Select Com. on Mississippi Levees—Mr. Morey of Louisiana.

THE LATE COL. STANTON

Proceedings of the Pennsylvania Republican Association of Washington, D. C., in Reference to the Death of the Late Col. David Stanton.

The undersigned having been appointed a committee to prepare resolutions of respect to the memory of Col, David Stanton, late Auditor General elect of Pensylvania. respectfully submit the following:

Col, Stanton was born in the State of Ohio, in the year 1829, and when twenty one years of age, removed to New Brighton, Beaver county, Pa., his late residence, and commenced the practice of medicine, in which profession he was actively engaged at the time of his death.

In August, 1861, he entered the service of his country as surgeon of the first Pennsylvania Cavalry, and was connected with the army of the Potomac until promoted to the post of Surgeon United States Volunteers, in November, 1862, from which date until he resigned in December, 1865, he acted as superintendent of hospitals and as Assistant and Acting Medical Director of the Northern Department, on the staffs of Generals Heintzleman and Hooker. In 1864 he was breveted Lieutenant Colonel. On the 17th of may last he was nominated for Auditor General by the Republican Convention which met at Harrisburg, and during the campaign stumped the State, and at the election in October received over 14,000 majority.

In view of all these facts, it is eminently proper that this association should place upon record a just recognition of his services to the nation, and therefore,

Resolved, That in his active and useful life, manly virtues and exalted patriotism we find examples worthy of our continued and profiting remembrance, and in his death profoundly regret that the country has so early been deprived of a gallant soldier and the State of a citizen in whom she had reposed her unlimited confidence.

Resolved, That these resolutions be published in the papers of this Territory and of the State of Pennsylvania, and that copies be sent to the family of the deceased and to the Governor of the State

JAS G. JOHNSTON,
THOS L. CATH ART, } *Com.*
JOS. M. WILSON,

Mrs. Stanton on Maternity.

We are glad to see intelligent women approaching this subject, and have seen no brighter gleam of sunshine than Mrs. Stanton's recent address at San Francisco, which no false delicacy should prevent being reproduced in every paper in the land. She said, "We must educate our daughters that motherhood is grand, and that God never cursed it. And the curse if it be a curse, may be rolled off, as man has rolled away the curse of labor, as the curse has been rolled from the descendants of Ham." While saying that her mission among women was to preach a new gospel, she tells the women, that, if they suffer, it is not because they are cursed of God but because they violate his laws. What an incubus it would take from woman could she be educated to know that the pains of maternity are no curse upon her kind. We know that among the Indians the squaws do not suffer from childbirth. They will step aside from the ranks, even on the march, and return in a short time bearing with them the newborn child. What an absurdity, then to suppose that only enlightened Christian women are cursed. But Mrs. Stanton says that one word of fact is worth a volume of philosophy, and gives her experience as follows; "I am the mother of seven children. My girlhood was spent mostly in the open air. I early imbibed the idea that a girl was just as good as a boy, and I carried it out. I would walk five miles before breakfast, or would ride ten on horseback. After I was married I wore my clothing sensibly. The weight hung alone on my shoulders. I never compressed my body out of its natural shape. My first four children were born, and I suffered very little. I then made up my mind that it was totally unnecessary for me to suffer at all; so I dressed lightly, walked every day, lived as much as possible in the open air, ate no condiments or spices, kept quiet, listened to music, looked at pictures, read poetry. The child was born without a bit of pain. I bathed it and dressed it and it weighed ten and one half pounds. That same day I dined with the family. Everybody said I would die, but I never had a relapse or a moment's inconvenience from it. I know this is not being delicate and refined, but if you would be vigorous and healthy in spite of your ancestors and your own disregard of nature's laws, try it."

A Plan for Resumption.

Mr. Sumner introduced, in the U. S. Senate, the following bill to authorize compound interest notes as a substitute for legal tender notes:

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted, &c.*, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby authorized and directed to prepare for circulation compound interest notes, equal in amount to the outstanding legal tender notes and fractional currency of the United States, and in all respects similar to those issued under the act approved March 3, 1868, entitled "An act to provide ways and means for the support of the Government."

SEC. 2. That these notes of different denominations to the amount of $10,000,000 shall be dated on the first day of each month, commencing with the first day of July next ensuing, when the amount shall be ready for issue, and then afterwards on the first day of each month, until the requisite amount shall be furnished.

SEC. 3. The notes thus provided shall be paid out for all disbursements of the Treasury, except those due in coin, so long as they are sufficient for the purpose; and, if the whole monthly installment is not thus disposed of, it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to exchange the surplus for the present legal tender notes —so far as practicable—that the full sum of ten millions may be put into circulation each month.

SEC. 4. That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to cause the destruction of legal tenders, to an extent equal to the notes issued under this act.

SEC. 5. That the notes issued under this act shall, at the option of the holder, be convertible at the end of two years, in sums of $100 or its multuple into bonds of the United States, not having less than ten nor more than forty years to run, and bearing interest at the rate of 5 per cent, and the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to issue such bonds.

SEC. 6. That whenever these notes and the bonds into which they may may be converted, can be sold at par in gold, the Secretary of the Treasury may sell them in such sums as may be called for, and apply the proceeds in gold to cancel legal tender notes as they are paid into the Treasury.

SEC. 7. That the notes issued under this act shall constitute no part of the legal currency reserve required by the national banks.

DISASTROUS STORM.

On Tuesday, of last week, a large schooner was discovered lying two miles north of the peninsula opposite the port of Erie, Pa. Her foremast and mainmast were gone, and a flag of distress was flying from the mizzenmast. The ice in the bay was too thick for the steam tugs to get out to her relief. A strong wind was blowing.

—On the same day a number of vessels were towed into port at Milwaukee, having weathered the storm. Many of their crews had their hands and feet frozen, and John Higgins, mate of the barque Tarnes, was frozen to death.

—Anxiety was felt at Detroit, on the 6th inst., in regard to the safety of the barque Sunny-Side, due from Chicago. Terrible snow storms on lake Huron rendered navigation perilous. A powerful steam tug went in search of the vessel.

—A large propeller, supposed to be the Wade, was seen off Au Sable, Lake Huron, on Tuesday morning last. A large number of steamers and sail craft went into winter quarters at Port Huron on that day, their voyages coming to an abrupt termination on account of the ice. Several vessels are frozen in on Saint Clair Flats, and will probably have to winter there.

—On Tuesday, 6th inst., severe storms were expected to cause damage at Portland, [illegible]

Petroleum as Fuel.

The day when petroleum will be used as a fuel for locomotives appears near at hand. An experiment recently made at West Philadelphia was productive of results which have the outlook of practicability and economy. Fire started at 11 o'clock; oil placed in the generator 11:05, steam let into the cylinder 11:31, with a pressure of ten pounds, rising to eighty at 11:43 and one hundred at 11:46. The amount of oil at starting was thirty six gallons, ten of which were consumed in raising the steam to one hundred pounds. Experiments were continued more than two hours, leaving three and a half gallons of oil. In this case there was manifest quite a saving over coal, and steam raised much quicker. Further experiments are to be made soon on a larger scale. If successful we see no reason why petroleum cannot be used for stationary boilers as well. Coal is becoming expensive, as there is now a loss of more than fifty per cent. in its use, or a substitute must be found. The utilization of heat, as developed in the combustion of coal for all purposes, is now a pressing problem, and is daily coming home to all consumers. Our cooking stoves are as wasteful of heat as steam boilers, and some invention must soon come to stop such a waste.

New Advertisements.

GEORGE SCHLELEIN.—Bakery and Confectionery, Oysters and Ice Cream in season. Particular attention given to supplying Parties, Balls and Weddings on short notice. Diamond, dec 13-1y.

Closing-Out Sale
OF
BOOTS & SHOES,
AT
F. A. KNOLD & CO'S,
No. 19 FIFTH AVENUE.
20,000 PAIRL OF FINE
BOOTS & SHOES,
MUST BE CLOSED OUT.
Ladies' and Gents' Fine Slippers For
THE HOLIDAYS.
ALL ATREDUCED PRICES.
No. 19 Fifth Avenue,
PITTSBURGH, Pa. nov13;1m

CARPETS,
OIL-CLOTHS,
MATTINGS,
WINDOW - SHADES,
STAIR RODS, &c.
A full and well selected stock of,
AT THE LOWEST PRICES.
☞ A Liberal Reduction made to Ministers and on Church Carpets.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
21 Fifth Avenue.
mar8;71—1y] PITTSBURGH, Pa

Dry Goods

Large Stock of Fall and Winter Goods Received at SPEYERER & SONS', Rochester, Pa.

New Advertisements.

THE
OMNIUM GATHERUM
—OF—
ART AND UTILITY!
A PLACE FOR
STRANGERS TO VISIT.
The Great Central House Furnishing Store of Messrs.
Sands&Reineman,
THEIR NEW DEPARTMENT
—OF—
CHINA, GLASS, AND QNEENSWARE.

The Stock for the Holidays is immense in its variety. There is hardly an article useful or ornamental, that is not to be found in the Store All the latest labor saving improvements, and little utilities that go to make domestic life comfortable and beautiful, are found here The latest patterns in

QUEENSWARE,

All kinds of Japanned, Wooden and Willow-Ware; Parian and Bohemian Vases, Bronze Work, Boxes, Writing Desks, together with the largest assortment of

TOYS

Ever brought to Pittsburgh, including Hobby-Horses, Sleds, Wheelbarrows, Children's Chairs, &c.

FANCY CHAIRS,

Expressly for the Holidays. Just opened a large line of

PEARL TABLE CUTLERY,

Including Pickle Forks, Cheese Scoops, Butter Knives, etc. Our great specialty of

FRENCH CHINA & GLASSWARE

Has not been neglected. We are receiving a large number of Decorated Dinner and Tea Sets, imported by us direct from France. In regard to Cut Glassware it is needless to add, our stock is the most complete in the city. The public will remember that we are the only House selling

Gold Band French China Tea Sets,

(44 pieces) for $10, and plain white for $8 prices which created general surprise—and sold over 300 sets since their introduction. We have a full stock of them at present. They form a very acceptable and useful gift.

Sands & Rineman.

29 FIFTH AVENUE, Pittsburgh, Pa. Nov13-2t

PITTSBURGH BANK FOR SAVINGS.—No 61 FOURTH AVENUE, Pittsburgh. Chartered in 1852

Open daily from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on SATURDAY EVENINGS from May 1st to November 1st 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of Six Per cent, free of tax, and if not withdrawn compounds semi-annually, in January and July Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.

BOARD OF MANAGERS:
GEO. A. BERRY, President.
S. H. HARTMAN, JAS. PARK, Jr., Vice-Pres't.
D. E. McKINLEY, Secretary and Treasurer
A. Bradley, L. Gerhard, Jr., Robert R. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Ralm, B. Fodansbee, Joshua Rhodes, John Scott, Robert Schmertz, Christopher Zug.
D. W. & A. N. Bell, Solicitors aug 16,1y

THE
AMERICAN WASHER
PRICE, $5.50.
The American Washer Saves Money, Time, and Drudgery.
The Fatigue of Washing Day no Longer Dreaded, but Economy, Efficiency, and Clean Clothing, Sure.

In calling public attention to this little machine, a few of its invaluable qualities, not possessed by any other washing machine yet invented, are here enumerated:

It is the smallest, most compact, most portable, most simple in construction, most easily operated. A child ten years old, with a few hours practice can thoroughly comprehend and effectually use it. There is no adjusting, no screws to annoy, no delay in adapting. It is always ready for use. It is a perfect little wonder! It is a miniature giant, doing more work and of a better quality, than the most elaborate and costly. One half of the labor is fully saved by its use, and the Clothes will last one-half longer than by the old plan of the rub board. It will wash the largest blanket. Three shirts at a time, washing thoroughly! In a word, the abolition of any fabric, from a Quilt to a Lace Curtain or Cambric Handkerchief, are equally within the capacity of this LITTLE GEM! It can be fastened to any tub and taken off at will

No matter how deep rooted a prejudice may exist against Washing Machines, the moment this little machine is seen to perform its wonders, all doubts of its cleansing efficacy and utility are banished, and the doubter and detractor at once become the fast friends of the machine.

We have testimonials without end, setting forth its numerous advantages over all others, and from hundreds who have thrown aside the unwieldy, useless machines, which have signally failed to accomplish the object promised in prominent and loud sounding advertisements.

It is as perfect for washing as a wringer is for wringing. The price another paramount inducement to purchasers, has been placed so low that it is within the reach of every housekeeper, and there is no article of domestic economy that will repay the small investment so soon.

$8.50.

All that is asked for this GREAT LABOR SAVER, is a fair trial. We guarantee each machine to do its work perfectly.

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE UNITED STATES,
A. H. FRANCISCUS & CO.,
513 Market St., Philad'a., Pa.
The largest and cheapest WOODEN WARE HOUSE in the United States. [dec6-3m

Aphonia, or Loss of Voice.

This is another of that pestilential brood of diseases which make way so speedily with human life and make it wearisome—not that it is a fatal malady unless it be connected with diseased lungs, when danger of the most fearful kind may be seriously apprehended; that loss of voice which usually affects the larynx and vocal cords, so common among those who have much speaking to do, is not usually of a dangerous or fatal nature, any more than any other diseased condition is dangerous; but when it is a consequence of diseased lungs and consumption, whose inflamatory borders are investing the mucous lining of the lungs and throat, then it points with almost a fatal finger to a state that ought to once to be remedied.

Much better, truly, if it had been cured before it had spread so far, but having spread, there is still hope. *Dr. Keyser's Lung Cure* may yet reach the disease, which it surely would have done in the beginning. It will remove from the system all morbid matter which keeps up irritation and disease, and will aid the stomach to make plastic material to repair the wasting organism. Read Dr. Keyser's treatise on chronic lung diseases, which will be sent without charge wherever it is ordered.

Price of Lung Cure, $1.50, or four bottles for five dollars. If your druggist does not keep it, order from Dr. Keyser, 167 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. Office hours from 10 a m. until 1 p. m., and from 3 until 6, and Saturday night until 9 o'clock.

New Advertisements.

LOOK HERE.

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.—The undersigned begs leave to inform his friends and the public generally that he has just received a new stock of goods of the latest styles for Spring and Summer wear, which he offers at very moderate rates

GENTLEMENS' FURNISHING GOODS,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND

Clothing made to order on the shortest notice. Thankful to the public for past favors. I hope by close attention to business to merit a continuance of the same

DANIEL MILLER, JR.
BRIDGEWATER.
may 24-1y

Election Notice.

A transit Bank at Beaver County,
NEW BRIGHTON, December 6th, 1871.

The Stockholders of the National Bank of Beaver county are hereby notified that the annual meeting for the election of nine (9) Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House in New Brighton, on the second Tuesday (9th day) of January next (1872) between the hours of twelve o'clock and two o'clock of said day.

By order of the Board,
D. ——— EDWARD HOOPS, Cashier.

James H. Rankin,
DEALER IN
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.
CUTTLERY, PLATED WARE,
WOODEN AND WILLOW WARE,
Japanese and Plain Fine Ware,
WITH EVERYTHING NECESSARY FOR
HOUSEKEEPERS.
Call and see our stock and learn our prices.
No. 6th St., (Late St. Clair St.)
PITTSBURGH, PA.
nov11-1y

Seminary & Institute.
R. T. TAYLOR, Principal.

The attention of the Youth of this and adjoining counties is called to the

MALE SCHOOL

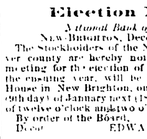
now being opened in connection with the other Department.

Rooms have been provided for **Thirty-two Boys** or **Young Men,** who will receive every advantage, and will be boarded at reasonable rates. Address the Principal. DANIEL NEWEL,
sep27-6t *Prest. Trustees.*

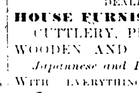
FARM FOR SALE

In North Sewickley township, Beaver county, Pa., containing 57 acres—40 clear, 17 in timber—all under fence. The improvements are Hewed Log House and Kitchen, hewed Log Barn and good stone Spring House There are sixty bearing Fruit Trees: Apples and Peaches, besides there has been planted the two last years 65 Apples, 200 Peaches, 25 Pears, 25 Cherrys, 1000 Concord Grapes, which will bear the next year, together with Raspberry, ever bearing Rittatney and Wilson Blackberry, Strawberry and Currants, all of the largest kind. For terms, inquire of the undersigned, on the premises JOHN H. BEIGHLEY.
nov22-tf.

Dentistry.



Dr. J. Murray, of Bridgewater, is determined that no Dentist in the State shall do work better or cheaper than he offers it to his patrons. He uses the best materials manufactured in the United States. Gold and all other filling performed in a style that defies competition. Satisfaction guaranteed in all operations, or the money returned Give him a trial.
feb6-1y



ARTIFICIAL HUMAN EYES
INSERTED TO
MOVE AND LOOK LIKE THE NATURAL EYE,
No Cutting or Pain Whatever.
ADDRESS—DR. G. W. SPENCER, Surgeon Artistic and Dentist, 254 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa. [sept13-1y.

$1,000 REWARD!

A reward of One Thousand Dollars will be paid to any Physician who will produce a medicine that will supply the wants of the people better than the article known as

DR FAHRNEY'S
Celebrated Blood Cleanser or Panacea.

It must be a better Cathartic a better Alterative, a better Sudorific, a better Diuretic, a better Tonic, and in every way better than the Pan-a-ce-a. No matter how long it has been in use or how lately discovered. Above all it must not contain anything NOT PURELY VEGETABLE.

$500 REWARD!!

A reward of Five Hundred Dollars will be paid for a medicine that will permanently cure more cases of Costiveness, Constipation Sick or Nervous Headache, Liver Complaint, Bilious Disorders, Jaundice, Rheumatism, Gout, Dyspepsia, Chills and Fever, Tape Worms, Boils, Tumors, Tetters, Ulcers, Sores, Pains in the Loins, Side and Head and *Female Complaints* that.

DR. FAHRNEY'S
BLOOD CLEANSER OR PANACEA,

which is used more extensively by practicing physicians than any other popular medicine known.

☞ Prepared by P. FAHRNEY'S BROS. & Co., Waynesboro, Pa., and Dr. P. FAHRNEY, Chicago. Price 1.25 per bottle. For sale by Wholesale and Retail Dealers, and by JOHN MOORE, Druggists Beaver, Pa. [jy12-1y.

New Advertisements.

TREE ORNAMENTS.
(PAPER VERY ELEGANT.)
Also,
GOLD PENS,
POCKET BOOKS,
ARTIST & WAX FLOWER MATERIALS,
Very Low, and Large Assortment.
J. G. BACKOFEN & SON,
161 Smithfield Street,
Above Sixth Avenue,
nov29-4t.] PITTSBURGH, PA.

MEYRAN & SEIDLE,
Successors to Reinaman.
MEYRAN & SEIDLE,
42 5TH AVE., PITTSBURGH, PA.,
GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS,
DEALERS IN FINE JEWELRY,
Watches, Diamonds, Silver & Plated-Ware, Seth Thomas' Clocks,
Fine Table Cutlery, French Clocks,
REGULATORS, BRONZES,
FINE SWISS WATCHES,
AMERICAN WATCHES,
JULES JERGENSEN,
WALTHAM WATCH COMPANY,
EDWARD PEREYGAUX,
ELGIN WATCH COMPANY
VACHESON & CONSTANTINE,
UNITED STATES WATCH CO.,
CHARLES E. JACOT,
E. HOWARD & CO.

"THE ZIMERMAN WATCH," made by Capt. ZIMERMAN, Liverpool, is fully equal to any watch offered to the

The Beaver Argus.

Beaver, Pa., Dec. 13th, 1871.

Circulation Thirteen Hundred.

Rates of Advertising.

TIME.	3w.	6w.	3m.	6m.	1 year
1 square, 10 lines,	$3 00	$5 00	$5 00	$7 00	$10 00
2 squares, do	3 50	5 00	7 00	10 00	15 00
3 squares, do	5 00	6 00	9 00	12 00	18 00
4 squares, do	6 50	8 00	10 50	15 00	21 00
¼ column,	8 00	11 00	15 00	20 00	28 00
½ column,	11 00	15 00	20 00	28 00	40 00
1 column,	22 00	30 00	38 00	60 00	100 00

Administrators' and Executors' Notices....$3 00

Special notices per line, ten cents.

☞ Payments to be made Quarterly, except for transient advertisements, which must be paid in advance.

GEO. P. ROWELL, 40 Park Row, N. York, AGENT.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO, 37 Park Row, New-York, are the *sole* agents for THE BEAVER ARGUS in that city, and are authorized to contract for inserting advertisements for us at our lowest cash rates. Advertisers in that city are requested to leave their favors with either of the above houses.

TIME TABLE.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R.—Trains going East leave Beaver Station as follows: Morning Mail, 7.46 a. m.; Accommodation and Express (through to Bellair), 5.45 p. m.

Pitt. Ft. W. & C. R. R.—Trains going East leave Rochester Station (at end of bridge) as follows: Beaver Falls Accom. 6.03 a.m.; Enon accom. 7.10 a. m.; New Castle accom. 8.30 a. m.; B. Falls accom. 12.10 p. m.;

Trains going West leave Rochester Station, (at end of bridge) as follows: B. F. accom. 10 a. m.; Enon accom. 5.12 p. m.; Erie night express 5.45 p. m., B. F. accom. 7.05 p. m.

Trains going East leave Rochester (Upper) Depot as follows: B. F. accom. 6.05 a. m.; Enon accom. 7.15 a. m.; New Castle accom. 8.40 a. m.; Chicago exp. 10.53 a. m.; Beaver Falls accom. 12.15 p. m.; Chicago Mail 2.05 p. m.; Erie exp. 4.10 p. m; Chicago exp. 6.02 p. m. Erie mail 9.55 p. m.

Trains going West, leave Rochester (Upper) Depot as follows: Chicago mail 8.15 a. m.; Erie exp. 8.25 a. m; Beaver Falls accom. 9.55 a. m.; Chicago exp. 11.30 a. m.; Chicago exp. 3.55 p. m; New Castle accom. 4.20 p. m.; Erie exp. 5.42 p. m; Beaver Falls accom. 7.30

The attention of the public is directed to the following New Advertisements which appear for the first time in the ARGUS to-day:

Special Notices—Hugo Andriessen.....14
Special Notices—Dr. Johnston & Co.....C
Special Notice—Dr. Keyser.....C
Special Notices—Mrs. Fast.....C
Card—George Schleich.....C
Advertisement—Sands & Rhuemun.....2nC
Advertisement—F. A. Kroid & Co.....1nC
Special Notice—Mrs. Bence.....19-2w
Special Notice—H. Nash.....21C
Adv.—Lost—This Office.....1eq;2c
Special Notice—Lost—This office.....5
Adv.—Farm Wanted—S. L. Cuthbert.....1eq;2w

Capt. McClelland, our Congressman, has our thanks for the daily Congressional *Globe*.

GOLDEN FOUNTAIN PEN.—Something new and novel. Be sure and read the advertisement in our paper headed, "Greatest Invention of the Age." We believe the Golden Fountain Pen is unsurpassed. A good pen is a necessity to every man, woman and child. Agents, here is a chance to make money in introducing a good and saleable article. jan25;1y

Personal.—Mr. Thompson Burton, at one time editor and proprietor of the *Local* of this place, was in Beaver on last Friday. He resigned his position as Business Manager of the Philadelphia *Sunday Dawn*, and returned to his home at Moravia, Lawrence county. He proposes, so he informs us, to start a new paper early in the coming year.

Free of Charge.—Call at Andriessen's Drug Store, Beaver, or at S. C. Hannen's, in Rochester, and get a sample of Dr. A. Boschee's German Syrup, *free of charge*. It has lately been introduced into this country from Germany, and for any person suffering from a cough, severe cold settled on the breast, consumption or any disease of the throat or lungs it has no equal in the world. The regular size bottles 75 cents. In all cases the money will be promptly returned if perfect satisfaction is not given. Two doses will relieve any case. Try it. nov29;1y

Recovering.—Capt. H. M. Donehoo, who has been suffering for the past two or three weeks from an old wound, received during the war, is recovering and will soon be on his feet again.

For the newest and latest novelties in Watches Jewelry and Silver Ware at the lowest prices; go to *John Stevenson's Sons & Co.*, 93 Market street, Pittsburgh. jet;1y.

DOCTOR O. PHELPS, Brown's Celebrated Medicines, for sale at Hugo Andriessen's, Beaver Drug Store.

Arm Dislocated.—Mr. William Barnes, sr., of Bridgewater, received a fall one morning last week, which dislocated his arm at the shoulder. He was coming down stairs, in his dwelling at the time, and making a mis-step, fell from the top to the foot of the stairs. The arm was put to its place again by Dr. J. S. M'Nutt of this place and the patient is doing well.

WATCHES, WATCHES.—The most complete line in the city of Pittsburgh, and all the necessary attachments to be had of *John Stevenson's Sons & Co.*, 93 Market St Pittsburgh. jet;1y

"LITTLE FAVORITES."—A new supply of these celebrated brand of Pure Havana Cigars, just received, and for sale at Hugo Andriessen's, Beaver Drug Store.

Capt. C. B. Hurst of Rochester has been ill for some time past—afflicted with his old disease, the asthma. He is improving, and we trust will soon be himself again.

SILVER-PLATED WARE.—We sell none but triple plate. Send for drawings and prices—Goods sent C. O. D. if desired. *John Stevenson's Sons & Co.*, 93 Market street, Pittsburgh. jet;1y

HAVANA TOBIES, Genuine Imported, for sale at the Beaver Drug Store.

The Economy Society, at Economy, it is said, now numbers but about eighty persons, nearly all of whom are in the winter of life. Their wealth is estimated at about fifteen millions of dollars. They have been a remarkably quiet, orderly and upright colony, and have always enjoyed the confidence and respect of those who knew them in their moral and business character.

CLOCKS, CLOCKS, CLOCKS—American Clocks a full stock lowest styles lowest prices. *John Stevenson's Sons & Co.*, 93 Market street, Pittsburgh jet;1y

PURE Glycerine, Camphor, Ice and Glycerine, Cold Cream, Glycerine, and Juniper Tar Soap, for sale at Hugo Andriessen's, Beaver Drug Store.

Pardoned.—John Lennox, convicted at May term, 1867, of murder in the second degree, on the charge of killing Robert Morrow, of Washington county, and sentenced to eight years in the Western Penitentiary, was pardoned last week. Lennox, it will be recollected, was an inmate of the Beaver county jail for several months; and, if our recollection serves us, was tried here for the crime referred to.

FURS, furs, the cheapest ever known, at the cheap store of Will Smith & Co.'s, Rochester. dec6-2w

DRY goods, notions, trimmings, millinery and all kinds of fancy goods. Call and see Will Smith & Co. dec6-2t

CHRISTMAS GIFTS, CHRISTMAS GIFTS, Toys, Toys, Toys!—B. Mulheim has just received the largest and most complete stock of Christmas Presents ever brought to this county. All are invited to call and see for themselves. [dec6-4w.

Closing Exercises.—The public Entertainment of the Beaver Seminary and Institute, consisting of Music, Essays, Declamations and the reading of the "Seminary Messenger" will, we learn, take place in the M. E. Church, of this place, Thursday evening, December 14th. The admission fee is to be 25 cents, proceeds to be used in replenishing the Philosophical and Chemical Apparatus of the Seminary. Next session opens January 2, 1872.

WALTHAM WATCHES. Being Agents for the sale of these Watches in the City of Pittsburgh we are confident of our ability to please in styles and prices. *John Stevenson's Sons & Co.*, 93 Market street, Pittsburgh jet;1y

FURS, very cheap, at Will Smith & Co.'s. dec6-2w.

We heartily welcome our new neighbor, Mr. George Schlein, who has recently started in the Bakery and Confectionery business in Rochester, having removed recently form Allegheny city to that place. We wish him success.

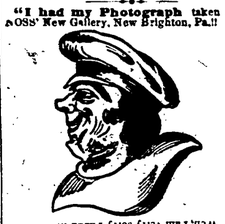
We invite our friends to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. Orders carefully and promptly filled. *John Stevenson's Sons & Co.*, 93 Market street, Pittsburgh. jet;1y

FURS at Will Smith & Co.'s, cheap. dec6-2t

Baltimore, Pittsburgh & Chicago R. R.—This road of which we were wont to refer to so frequently a year or two ago, we very much fear, has given us the slip at last. Its route from Pittsburgh to the Ohio line has not yet been given to the public, but from the Ohio line west the company have determined to lay their track down as follows: Commencing at the northeast corner of Columbiana county, thence through Columbiana, Stark, Carroll, Tuscarawas, Wayne, Holmes, Ashland, Richland, Morrow, Marion, Hardin, Allen, Auglaize and Mercer, to a point on the State line between Ohio and Indiana near the northwest corner of Mercer county, Ohio. This starting point in Ohio, means, we think, that Beaver is to be left out in the cold.

STERLING SILVER.—Sterling Silver, Table Ware and presentation pieces. *John Stevenson's Sons & Co.*, 93 Market street, Pittsburgh. jet;1y

"I had my Photograph taken at H. A OSS' New Gallery, New Brighton, Pa.!!



This is the most popular—and deservedly so—Photograph Gallery west of the Allegheny Mountains. Mr. Goss receives custom from Cleveland, Pittsburgh, and all the smaller cities within the compass of one hundred miles. His Stereoscopic views of natural scenery are done in the highest style of the art. Take advantage of the Holidays and get your photographs to distribute among your relatives and friends. dec13;2w

A **new** public hall is in course of erection in New Brighton, over the new store rooms of A. D. Gilliland, and B. B. Chamberlin, esq. on the corner of Lock and Broadway. The hall will be one of the largest and best in the county.

WATCH REPAIRING.—If your watch is out of order, send it to *John Stevenson's Sons & Co.*, Pittsburgh. It will be repaired and returned free of express charges. All work warranted. jet;1y

A **friend** in New Brighton informs us that there is not a single case of small pox in New Brighton at the present time, all reports to the contrary notwithstanding. The health of the place is excellent.

THE latest and best styles of Jewelry, in all its various branches, to be found at *John Stevenson's Sons & Co.*, 93 Market street, Pittsburgh. jet;1y

FURS at Will Smith & Co.'s, cheap. dec6-2w

The Messrs' Merrick, of New-Brighton, are about to commence the building of a new Foundry, near the Depot, for the purpose of manufacturing Stoves, Merrick's Patent Grates, &c. The new building will be ready for occupancy in the Spring.

LADIES will do well by purchasing their Millinery Goods, Trimmings, Ribbons, Velvets, Corsets, Kid Gloves, Hosiery, and Fancy Goods, at Bence's, Beaver. A new stock of Velvet Ribbons, &c., just opened. Butter, Eggs and Chickens taken in exchange for Goods. dec13-2w

Car Factory Building Sold.—We understand that S. Merrick, esq. of New Brighton, has disposed of the Car Factory Building in that place to a company in the East. The firm for which the building and grounds sold is $30,000. The purchaser intends converting it into a Steel Works, and designs employing about 150 persons in the manufacture of steel, in the Spring.

LADIES' HATS, Bonnets, Ribbons, Velvets, Collars, Hosiery, Ladies' and Gent's underwear, and Fancy Goods generally, at reduced prices, at Bence's, Beaver.

MRS. FAST will close out the remainder of her large stock of millinery at cost or less. No room for storing away unseasonable goods, and they must be sold. Call and see.

Messrs. Stevenson & Wittish, Real Estate Agents, of Beaver Falls, we are glad to learn, are doing a fine business in their line. They are trustworthy gentlemen, and deserving of the patronage they are receiving. Those of our readers who have real estate to sell may go further and far worse, than to cultivate the acquaintance of the above-named gentlemen.

THE place to buy toys is at **Mrs. Fast's.**

Go to Bence's for stylish Millinery and Fancy Goods. dec1-32w

Capt. D. M. Donehoo, of Beaver, wishes to dispose of a lot of valuable property, located in Beaver and vicinity. See advertisement in another column. As he is going to move to Virginia, bargains can no doubt be had in this real estate.

LOOK OUT FOR SANTA CLAUS.—The old gentleman has his headquarters at **Mrs. Fast's** on the corner of Third and Seminary streets. Everything new, pretty and novel can be found there. Toys, toilet articles, work-boxes, games, parchesi boards, puzzles, handkerchief and jewelry boxes, cigar stands, vases, busts, statuary, china ornaments, brackets, and other pretty and useful things, too numerous to mention.

Go to Bence's for your Hats, Bonnets, Shawls, Trimmings and Fancy Goods. Marketing taken in exchange for Goods.

Board of Trade.—The business men of Beaver Falls held a meeting last week to consider the propriety of organizing a Board of Trade in that borough. They concluded on doing so, and a committee of which J. H. Stevenson, esq. is Chairman, was appointed to prepare bylaws, rules and regulation for the Board.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS.—The place to buy Christmas presents is at Mrs. Fast's. Her whole stock including toys has been marked down and will be closed out before the new year. Now is the time for bargains.

LADIES will find the latest style Hats and Bonnets, just opened, at Bence's, Beaver dec13-2w

New Church Bell.—The First Presbyterian Church of New Brighton has just had a new bell placed within its tower. The bell was manufactured by Messrs. A. Fulton, Son & Co., Pittsburgh, and weighs 2,600 pounds. The following is inscribed upon it:

"Cast by A. Fulton, Son & Co., Pittsburgh, A. D. 1871. 1st Presbyterian Church of New Brighton, Pa. Rev. R. C. Critchlow, Pastor. Ordered by Capt. Job Whysall."

Teacher's Institute.—The annual county institute will convene in Rochester, on the 18th of December. Prominent educators from abroad are expected to be present on the occasion.

TOYS, TOYS, TOYS, at Mrs. Fast's. Dolls of every size and variety, carts, donkeys, chairs, indeed everything in the toy line. Do not fail to give her a call.

T. McClelland & Company are our authorized agents in Pittsburgh, Pa., and will contract for inserting advertisements in the ARGUS, at our lowest cash rates.

☞ Rufus Chapman, of Liberty, Me., had a stiff leg bent at the knee, limbered and strengthened by the use of *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment*.

A New Store in Beaver.—Mr. Samuel F. Wilson, late of Pittsburgh, has opened a new grocery, fruit and confection store, in this place. He has taken the room formerly occupied as a store by the late John Barclay. Mr. Wilson is said to be an energetic, progressive business man, and will, no doubt, soon command an extensive trade. In addition to the above articles he intends keeping feed of the different kinds for stock. Give him a call. It affords us pleasure to learn that our friend Mr. Robert McCreery, may be found at this establishment, where he will be happy to meet his old Beaver county acquaintances.

☞ The proprietors of *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment, Parsons' Purgative Pills and Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders* have published a readable and instructive pamphlet, which may be had *free* at the stores.

Funeral Sermon Preached.—The funeral sermon of Dr. A. M. Witherow, deceased, of North Sewickley tp., this county, was preached on Sabbath day, December 3d, at the North Sewickley church by the Rev. William M. Taylor of Westfield congregation, Lawrence county. The church was densely crowded on the occasion. Dr. Witherow had been a Ruling Elder in the church above referred to, and the minister selected to preach his funeral sermon was his school mate twenty years before.

"What I Know About Cows."—The above is the title of a work now probably in contemplation by our townsman, Col. M. S. Quay. He has been more or less immersed in politics for a number of years past, and it is generally understood in this vicinity that he now regards his previous occupation as requiring more wear and tear of conscience than a person of his years ought to endure, hence it is supposed he has about made up his mind to gradually slide out of the political arena, and engage in the more quiet, healthful and moral pursuit of improving the bovine stock of the country, and, as opportunities offer, to devote a portion of his time to mechanical and agricultural productions. Col. Quay is not the first eminent politician of this country who has measurably retired from politics while yet in the prime of life, and given his attention to the cultivation of the soil, the rearing of stock or the disemboweling of the earth. Horace Greely of the New York *Tribune* furnishes an illustrious example of this assertion. Brother Quay should therefore be encouraged in his present determination by all of his immediate neighbors, and the kindly word should be extended to him outside of his own county and State. He takes hold of his new occupation however, with commendable energy and tact, and we shall not be surprised if success marks every step he takes in the new direction. Thus far his most sanguine expectations have been more than realized. To demonstrate this it will only be necessary for us to give a few facts. Some six weeks ago the Colonel purchased a thorough-bred Alderney cow in the East—we believe from the herd of Gen. John A. Hartranft of Montgomery county. The sum paid for the noble animal was $200.00. This we believe included the transportation to the Union Depot at Pittsburgh. Now to show how thoroughly Col. Q. understands the business in which he is engaging, and how considerate and humane he proves to be in it, it will be necessary to be a little particular as to what occurred in bringing the wonderfully organized beast from that point to Beaver. After reaching the Union Depot, the Colonel ordered a halt, and the cow was allowed to rest there for three days. At the expiration of this time he dispatched a trusty man with $12 in his pocket to bring her by easy travel to Beaver, and to telegraph progress from all convenient points along the route. Here are in substance the dispatches sent back and forth:

COR. OF 7TH AND LIBERTY STS.,
10:45, a. m.

Cow is going finely, and is in good condition.

COLONEL QUAY'S REPLY.

"All right." Keep her on the pavement sure. M. S. Q.

DISPATCH NO 2.

COR. OF 5TH AND LIBERTY,
10:55 a. m.

Col. M. S. Quay:—The cow is evidently worried about something. In the last three rods she has switched her tail four times. What shall I do?

COLONEL QUAY'S REPLY.

Take her into the nearest saloon and give her a hot whisky punch. If that don't help her let her another "punch;" if this does not stop the switching take her to Hare's Hotel, and see that she gets six loaves of bread and two hams per day until further orders. Eight glasses of ale for every twenty-four hours will be all the drink she will need. M. S. Q.

A day or two after these telegrams passed to and fro it seems Col. Quay and his herdsman had a "little unpleasantness," and the latter was ordered to Beaver forthwith. In due course of time another herdsman was procured and sent to Pittsburgh, and the sleek Alderney soon put in an appearance on our streets. Thus it will be seen that the Colonel spared neither time or expense in bringing his first thorough bred into our midst. The cow is a fine looking animal, about 2 feet four inches in height, weighs about 350 pounds gross, and is thought to be 28 years old. She had a calf a few weeks before the Colonel became her owner, and is therefore fresh at the present time. Her yield of milk is about two pints per day or one pint at each milking. Just here, however, we tread on delicate ground, but our duty as a faithful journalist will admit of no shirking, and we proceed to give facts though they do take us quite near the Colonel's household. Major Richard Maloney, than whom a better hearted young man can hardly anywhere be found, had the immediate care of the cow for some time, but Col. Quay not being satisfied with her lacteal flow, found fault with the Major's care of the animal and insisted upon a change in her feed. The Major had been giving her the very best of hay and the richest chop-feed that could be bought, while Col. Quay believed that for lacteal purposes nothing could equal coarse sand and saw dust mixed. The Colonel of course carried his point, and he now has the sole care of the dazzling beauty himself. He is quite confident that this change in her food will finally induce her to "let down" sufficient for the whole neighborhood. We trust his anticipations will be realized.

After giving the bovine species much thought, and making himself familiar with the whole subject, Col. Quay is decidedly of the opinion that the Chester Whites are the best milkers, but at the same time he has no doubt but that the Cotswold and Merinos are far ahead of all others for beef. While the Colonel's ideas of stock at first view seem a little bold and unique, they will prove, on a closer study, to be sound and of immense practical value to the stock raising community. His book, therefore, should be in the hands of every farmer and stock grower in the land. Its cost, we are persuaded, will be within the reach of all.

As we have elsewhere hinted in this article the Colonel is giving a small share of his attention to mechanical productions. He has of late taken a lively interest in the manufacture of fire clay brick, and has accordingly embarked in their manufacture, but it seems his ideas and the ideas of his partners do not accord. They persist in believing that brick are made of clay, while the Colonel as stoutly insists that they are manufactured from wood cut while the sap is in the ascent. But on this point more anon.

Trustee Meeting.—A full meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Seminary and Institute is desired for Thursday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, at the Seminary building. The proposed amendments to the charter and the plans for the additional buildings will then be considered.

The Missing Found—A Lost Father Turns Up.—Our older citizens will remember a good, but wild fellow, named John Wilson, who lived some twenty years ago in Fallowfield township. He was a famous fox-hunter and was always on some wild chase, or up for "fun" in almost any shape—so much so that he was familiarly known as "Devil John" by his friends. He was married to a Miss Bendel, also of Fallowfield township, and lived with her until they were blessed with six children, who are now grown up, and are respectable people of this neighborhood. But John got tired of his wife, babies, and foxes, and persuaded his wife to sell her property, got possession of the funds, and one night he skipped to parts unknown. His poor wife left with her family of little ones, and no money, was destitute indeed, and the infidelity of her husband so wore upon her mind that she became crazed, and ended her days in the insane department of the County Alms House. So ended the first chapter in this sad history.

Recently, however, word came from Indianapolis, Indiana, inquiring if anything was known about Mr. John Wilson, and whether he had a wife or children living. The correspondence developed the fact that Mr. Wilson was dead; that he had re-married, and had by this woman several children before the death of his first wife; that he died possessed of considerable property, and as a result Mr. Oliver McIlheny of Bentleysville was sent on by the heirs to claim his estate, and enjoin the administrator from paying any of the decedent's estate to the second (and illegal) wife's heirs, who are yet living. He was Collector at Indianapolis, and left a snug little property, and a good name amongst his fellow-citizens in the West.—*Monongahela Republican.*

Mr. Wynn is actively employed upon his new map of Beaver county. He hasn't lost either sleep or flesh over his defeat. He is still a Republican, and votes the straight ticket.—*Radical.*

That Mr. Wynn is a thorough going Republican we have no doubt. In fact, we believe if some vicious and unprincipled copperhead would seize the Republican banner, and fly west, cross the Rocky Mountains, and take refuge in one of the caverns of the Pacific slope, Mr. Wynn, with Jacob-staff and compass in hand, (and at his own expense too) would be among the foremost to cross the Sierras, enter the caves, and in the presence of the lizard, the owl and the bittern, search for the stolen emblem of genuine Republicanism in this free land of ours. And should he not come up with it there, and ascertain that the bold thief had swam across with it to one of the Pacific Islands, Mr. Wynn would not hesitate a moment (still at his own expense) to plunge in among the rollicking waves of the awful sea, and battle heroically with its surging billows to regain the object dearest and dearest his heart. All this we aver, and we might aver a great deal more, but when it comes to saying that since his defeat, he still "votes the straight ticket" we hurl the imputation back with scorn and contempt, and ask Col. Quay to retract it at once, and in the most emphatic manner possible. The meanness of the insinuation will be seen when we state that no election has been held in this State, county or borough since Mr. Wynn's defeat last October, and if he still "votes the straight ticket" he does it where he has no legal right to, and of course the presumption follows that he thus makes of himself a "colonizer" and a "repeater" of the worst and most dangerous sort. *This*, we are satisfied Mr. Wynn is not, and the covert attempt of Col. Quay to make the public believe that the ex-surveyor has been imitating the Tammany politicians, is simply outrageous. We insist therefore that a complete retraction must be made at once, and our old neighbor's character for integrity made good again. We know that Mr. Wynn is in favor of a pure ballot and the idea of charging him with one of Tweed's villainies will not be entertained by this community for even an instant. What has Mr. Wynn done that Col. Quay should impute a crime like this to him?

Lost.—On Saturday evening last, between Beaver and Rochester, a knee-robe, red on one side and black and checkered on the other. Any person finding said robe will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at this office.

[From the Greenville Advance.]

Rev. J. R. Brittain.—A few weeks since, Rev. J. R. Brittain, pastor of the U. P. Church of this place, announced from his pulpit that he had received a unanimous invitation from the U. P. Congregation of Cleveland, Ohio, to become their pastor. This invitation was accompanied by a very flattering offer of liberal support, in case of acceptance. Immediately after the above announcement was made, steps were taken by his congregation in this place to fully acquaint him for their feeling and desire touching the matter in question, and with a letter almost unanimously signed by the members of the congregation, was addressed to him earnestly protesting against the demission of his charge in this place, and cordially asking him to remain with them. On last Sabbath the gratifying announcement was made from his pulpit that he had after mature deliberation concluded not to accept the invitation of the Cleveland brethren, and intended to remain in charge of his present congregation. This matter has developed the facts satisfactorily, that there is a very strong attachment subsisting between the pastor and people of the congregation referred to, and an unusual degree of unanimity of opposition on the part of the congregation to any change of relationship between them. The following is the text of the letter referred to:

To the Rev. J. R. Brittain, Pastor of the U. P. Congregation, Greenville:

DEAR PASTOR:—We, whose names are hereunto attached, members of the congregation to which you have so acceptably ministered in word and ordinance, and among whom you have so efficiently labored, for the past five years, having learned that our brethren in Christ of the U. P. Congregation of Cleveland, have unanimously invited you to become their pastor, and fearing lest our silence may be construed into indifference concerning the matter, take this method of assuring you that we have heard with deep concern the announcement above referred to, and that while recognizing the high compliment to our pastor contained in the above invitation, we would most respectfully, yet earnestly, protest against your acceptance of the same. Among the reasons we would urge in support of our protest may be named the gratifying fact that the relationship of pastor and people which has subsisted between us since you became our pastor, has evidently been signally blessed by the Great Head of the Church. Our congregation has enjoyed under your acceptable ministrations a high degree of prosperity both spiritually and temporally, and feeling confident that the relationship, in the future, will be still more abundantly blessed, we would most seriously deprecate any thing within human control which would tend to mar its harmony or threaten its severance.

In addition to this we take pleasure in assuring you of our high regard for your estimable wife, whose earnest piety, kindness of heart, and prudence of conduct, have greatly endeared her to your congregation.

Hoping that it may be found consistent with the will of the Great Head of the church, and in harmony with your desire in the premises, after mature deliberation, to continue the relationship now subsisting between us, and with assurances of the highest personal regard, we remain, yours in the bonds of a Christian fellowship.

—As a further inducement the members of Mr. Brittain's congregation, donated him between $400 00 and $500.00 on Thanksgiving Day. Rev. Brittain is a native of Beaver county, and a son of Joseph Brittain, esq., at present one of our County Commissioners. We need scarcely say that it affords us pleasure to see the labors of one who was born and reared in our midst, so highly appreciated by those among whom he is now officiating.

ED. ARGUS.

In Memoriam.—At the regular meeting of Enola Lodge, No. 163, I. O. of G. T., held in Bridgewater, on Friday evening, Dec. 1st, 1871, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, It hath pleased our Heavenly Father to again visit our fraternal circle with the blighting hand of death, and to remove from time to eternity, another of our dearly beloved sisters; therefore,

Resolved, That in the death of our late sister, Mrs. Maggie Booth Tallon, we recognize the ruling of an all-wise Master; and, while we would humbly submit to this afflictive dispensation, we desire to express our deepest sorrow for her loss.

Resolved, That we deeply sympathize with the bereaved companion, mother and friends of our late sister, and pray that our Father in Heaven may give them divine support and consolation in their hour of deep sorrow, and that this affliction may be blessed and sanctified to each of them.

Resolved, That the badge we already wear be continued for thirty days longer.

Resolved, That these resolutions be entered upon the minutes of our Lodge, that a copy be given the family of the deceased, and that they be published in our county papers and in the *Pennsylvania Temperance Vindicator*.

J. H. DECKER,
TILLIE E. MOORHEAD,
DAVID WOODRUFF, } *Com.*

[From the Rock and Pearl.]

THE HOOSIER SCHOOL-MASTER.

BY EDWARD EGGLESTON.

CHAPTER XXVIII.

THE FLIGHT.

About ten days after Ralph's return to Flat Creek things came to a crisis. The master was rather relieved at first to have the crisis come. He had been holding juvenile Flat Creek under his feet by sheer force of will. And such an exercise of psychic power is very exhausting. In reading on the engineer's countenance sands the signs of the firemen to hold the safety-valve down, and this he does by hanging himself to the lever by his hands. Ralph felt that he had been holding the safety-valve down, and that he was so weary of the operation that an explosion would be a real relief. He was a little afraid of having every body looking at him as a thief. It was a little irksome, to know that new bolts were put on the doors of the houses in which he had stayed. And now that Shocky was gone, and Bud had turned against him, and Aunt Matilda suspected him, and even poor Jack, exquisite Walter Johnson, with his not associate with him, he felt himself an outlaw indeed. He would have gone away to Texas or the new gold-fields in California had it not been for one thing. That letter on blue foolscap paper kept a little warm in his heart.

His course from school on the evening that something happened lay through the sugar-camp. Among the dark recesses of the maples, solemn and lofty pillars, he debated the case. To stay, or to flee? The worn nerves could not keep their present tension much longer.

It was just by the brook, or, as they say in Indiana, the "branch," that something happened which brought him to a sudden decision. [illegible] never afterward could forget that brook. It was a swift-running little stream, that did not bubble blatantly over the stones. It ran through a thicket of willows, through the sugar-camp, and out into Means's pasture. Ralph had just passed through the thicket, had just crossed the brook on the half-decayed log that spanned it, when, as he emerged from the water-willows on the other side, heartened with a sudden shock. For there was Hannah with a white, white face, holding out a little note folded like an old-fashioned thumb-paper.

"Go quick!" she whispered as she slipped it into Ralph's hand, inadvertently touching his fingers with her own—a touch that went tingling through the school-master's nerves to his heart. But she hardly said the words until she was gone down the brookside path and over into the pasture. A few minutes afterward she drove the cows up into the lot and quickly took her seething from Mrs. Means for being gone such an awful long time, like a lazy, good-for-nothin piece of goods that she was.

Ralph opened the thumb-paper note, written on a page torn from an old copy-book, in Bud's "hand-write," and running:

"Mr. Heartsook

"deer sur:

"I put in my best licks, taint no use. Run for your life. A man is on foot to tar and fether or wuss to-night. Go rite off. Things is awful jubersus. BUD."

The first question with Ralph was whether he could depend on Bud. But he soon made up his mind that treachery of this sort was not one of his traits. He had mourned over the destruction of Bud's good resolutions by Martha Hawkins's refusal, and being a disinterested party he could have comforted Bud by explaining Martha's "smitten." But he felt sure that Bud was not treacherous. It was a relief, then, as he stood there to know that the false trace was over, and worst had come to worst.

His first impulse was to stay and fight. But his nerves were not strong enough to execute so foolhardy a resolution. He opened to see a man behind every maple-trunk. Darkness was fast coming on, and he knew that his absence from supper at his boarding-place could not fail to excite suspicion. There was no time to be lost. So he started.

Let one once start to run from a danger, and panic is apt to ensue. The fear-stalk-fields, the dark hollows through which he passed, seemed to be peopled with terrors. He knew Small and Jones well enough to know that every avenue of escape would be carefully picketed. So there was nothing to do but to take the shortest path to the old trysting-place, the Spring-in-rock.

Here he sat and shook with terror. Mad with himself, he inly denounced himself for a coward. But the effect was really a physical one. The chill and panic now were the reaction from the previous frantic.

For when the [illegible] of his pursuers [illegible] broke upon [illegible] early in the evening, Ralph shook [illegible] more, the warm blood set back again toward the extremities, and his self-control returned when he needed it. He gathered some stones about him, as the only weapons of defense at hand. The mob was on the cliff above. But he thought that he heard footsteps on the bed of the creek below. If this were so, there could be no doubt that his hiding-place was suspected.

"O Hank!" shouted Bud from the top of the cliff to some one in the creek below, "be sure to look at the Spring-in-rock—I think he's there."

This hint was not lost on Ralph, who speedily changed his quarters by climbing up to a secluded, shelflike ledge above the spring. He was none too soon, for Pete Jones and Hank Banta were soon looking all around the spring for him, while he held a twenty-pound stone over their heads ready to drop on them in case they should think of looking on the ledge above.

When the crowd were gone Ralph knew that one road was open to him. He could follow down the creek to Clifty, and thence on to night escape. But, traveling down to Clifty, he debated whether it was best to escape. To flee was to confess his guilt, to make himself an outlaw, to put an insurmountable barrier between himself and Hannah, whose terror-stricken and anxious face as she stood by the brook-willows haunted him now, and was an involuntary witness to her love.

Long before he reached Clifty his mind was made up not to flee another mile. He knocked at the door of Squire Underwood. But Squire Underwood was also a doctor, and had been called away. He knocked at the door of Squire Doolittle. But Squire Doolittle had gone to Lewisburg. "He was about to give up all hope of being able to surrender himself to the law when he met Squire Hawkins, who had come over to Clifty to avoid responsibility for the ill-deeds of his neighbors which he was powerless to prevent.

"Is that you, Mr. Hartsook?"

"Yes, and I want you to arrest me and try me here in Clifty."

CHAPTER XXIX.

THE TRIAL.

The "prosecuting attorney" (for so the State's attorney is called in Indiana,) had been sent for the night before. Ralph refused all legal help. It was not wise to reject counsel, but all his blood was up, and he declared that he would not be cleared by legal quibbles. If his innocence were not made evident to everybody, he would rather not be acquitted on a preliminary examination. He would go over to the circuit court and have the matter sifted to the bottom. But he would have been pleased had his uncle offered him counsel, though he would have declined it. He would have felt better to have had a letter from home somewhat different from the one he received from his Aunt Matilda by the hand of the prosecuting attorney. It was not very encouraging or very sympathetic, though it was very characteristic.

"Dear Ralph:

"This is what I have always been afraid of. I warned you faithfully the last time I saw you. My skirts are clear of your blood. I can not consent for uncle to appear as your counsel or to go your bail. You know how much it would injure him in the county, and he has no right to suffer for your evil acts. O my dear nephew! for the sake of your poor, dead mother——"

We never shall know what the rest of that letter was. Whenever Aunt Matilda got to Ralph's poor, dead mother in her conversation, Ralph ran out of the house. And now that his poor, dead mother was again made to do service in his aunt's pious rhetoric, he landed the letter on the hot coals before him, and watched it vanish into smoke with grim satisfaction.

Ralph was a little afraid of a mob. But Clifty was better than Flat Creek, and Squire Hawkins, with all his faults, loved justice, and had a profound respect for the majesty of the law, and therefore found respect for his own majesty when sitting as a court representing the law. Whatever maneuvers he might resort to in business affairs in order to avoid a conflict with his lawless neighbors, he was courageous and inflexible on the bench. The Squire was the better part of him. With the co-operation of the constable, he had organized a *posse* of men who could be depended on to enforce the law against a mob.

By the time the trial opened in the large school-house in Clifty at eleven o'clock, all the surrounding country had emptied its population into Clifty, and all Flat Creek was on hand ready to testify to something. Those who know the least appeared to know the most, and were prodigal of their significant winks and nods. Mrs. Means had always suspected him. She seed some mighty suspicious things about him from the word go. She'd allers had her doubts whether he was just the thing, and let her old man had axed her, liker-n not he never would a been hired. She'd seen things with her own livin' eyes that beat all she ever seed in all her born days. And Pete Jones said he'd allers knowed ther warn't no good in sech a feller. Could that story about when he got thirst. And Granny Sanders said, law's sakes! nobody'd ever a-found him out if it hadn't been for her. Didn't she go all over the neighborhood a-warnin' people? For her part, she seed straight through that piece of goods. He was fond of gals, too! Nothing was so great a crime in her eyes as to be fond of the gals.

The constable paid unwitting tribute to William the Conqueror by crying Squire Hawkins's court open with an Oyez! or, as he said it, "O yes!" and the Squire asked Squire Underwood, who came in at that minute, to sit with him. From the start it was evident to Ralph that the prosecuting attorney had been thoroughly posted by Small, though, looking at that worthy's face, one would have thought him the most disinterested and philosophical spectator in the court-room.

Bronson, the prosecutor, was a young man, and this was his first case since his election. He was very ambitious to distinguish himself, very anxious to have Flat Creek influence on his side in politics; and, consequently, he was very determined to send Ralph Hanstook to State prison, justly or unjustly, by fair means or foul. To his professional eyes this was not a question of right and wrong, not a question of life and death to such a man as Ralph. It was George H. Bronson's opportunity to distinguish himself. And so, with many knowing and confident nods and hints, and with much deference to the two squires, he opened the case, affecting great indignation at Ralph's wickedness, and uttering Delphic hints about striped pants and shaven heads, and the grating of prison-doors at Jeffersonville.

"And now, if the court please, I am about to call a witness whose testimony is very important indeed. Mrs. Sarah Jane Means will please step forward and be sworn."

Here Squire Underwood stopped her, and told her she must not tell her suspicions, but facts.

"Well, it's facts I'm going to tell," she snifted indignantly. "If it facts that I mean to tell." Here her voice rose to a shriek, and she began to abuse the defendant. Again and again the court insisted that she must tell what there was suspicious about the school-master. At last she got it out:

"Well, for one thing, what kind of gals did he go with? Hey? Why, with my bound gal, Hanner, a-trottin' along thro' the town grass pastur at ten o'clock, and keepin' that gal, that's got no protector but me, out that a-way, and destroyin' her character by his company, that ain't fit for nobody."

Here Bronson saw that he had caught a tartar. He said he had no more questions to ask of Mrs. Means, and that, unless the defendant wished to cross-question her, she could stand aside. Ralph said

(Concluded from First Page.)

gration and the flow of much-needed capital into the States lately in rebellion. It will be a happy condition of the country when the old citizens of these States will take interest in public affairs, promulgate ideas honestly entertained, vote for men representing their views, and tolerate the same freedom of expression and ballot in those entertaining different political convictions.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Under the provisions of the act of Congress approved February 21, 1871, a territorial government was organized in the District of Columbia—its results have thus far realized the expectations of its advocates. Under the direction of the territorial officers a system of improvement has been inaugurated, by means of which Washington is rapidly becoming a city worthy of the nation's capital. The citizens of the District having voluntarily taxed themselves to a large amount for the purpose of contributing to the well arrangement of these at of government, I recommend these at of several appropriations on the part of Congress, in order that the government may bear its due share of the expense of carrying out a judicious system of improvement.

THE CHICAGO FIRE.

By the great fire in Chicago, the most important of the government buildings were consumed. Those already burned had become inadequate to the demands of the government in that growing city, and, looking to the near future, were totally inadequate. I recommend, therefore, that an appropriation be made immediately to purchase the remainder of the square on which the burned buildings stood, provided it can be purchased at a fair valuation, or provided that the Legislature of Illinois will pass a law authorizing its condemnation for government purposes, and also an appropriation of as much money as can be properly expended toward the erection of new buildings during the fiscal year.

IMMIGRANTS.

The number of immigrants ignorant of our laws, habits, etc., coming into our country annually has become so great, and the impositions practiced upon them so numerous and flagrant, that I suggest Congressional action for their protection. It seems to me a fair subject for legislation by Congress. I cannot now state, as fully as I desire, the nature of the complaints made by immigrants of the treatment they receive, but will try to do so during the session of Congress, particularly if the subject should receive your attention.

THE PUBLIC SERVICE.

It has been the aim of the administration to enforce honesty and efficiency in all public offices, and every public servant who has violated the trust placed in him, has been proceeded against with all the rigor of the law. If bad men have secured places, it has been the fault of the system established by law, the custom for making appointments, or the fault of those who recommend for government positions persons not sufficiently well known to them personally, or who give letters indorsing the character of office-seekers without a proper sense of the grave responsibility which such a course devolves upon them. A civil service reform, which can correct this abuse, is much needed. In mercantile pursuits the business man who gives a letter of recommendation to a friend to enable him to obtain credit from a stranger is regarded as morally responsible for the integrity of his friend and his ability to make his obligation. A reformatory law which would enforce this privilege against all indorsers of persons for public places would insure great caution in making recommendations. A salutary lesson has been taught careless and dishonest public servants in the great number of prosecutions and convictions of the last two years. It is gratifying to witness the favorable change which is taking place throughout the country, in bringing to punishment those who have proven recreant to the trusts confided to them, and in elevating to public office none but those who possess the confidence of the honest and virtuous, who will always be found to comprise the majority of the community in which they live.

CIVIL SERVICE REFORM.

In my message to Congress one year ago I urgently recommended a reform in the civil service of the country. In conformity with that recommendation Congress in the 9th section of the act making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the government, and for other purposes, approved March 3d, 1871, gave the necessary authority to the executive to inaugurate a civil service reform, and placed upon him the responsibility of doing so under the authority of said act. I convened a board of gentlemen eminently qualified for the work, to make rules and regulations to effect the needed reform.—Their labors are not yet complete, but it is believed that they will succeed in devising a plan which can be adopted to the great relief of the executive, the heads of departments and members of Congress, and redound to the true interest of the public service. At all events, the experiment shall have a fair trial. I have thus hastily summed up the operations of the government during the first year, and made such suggestions as occur to me to be proper for your consideration. I submit them with confidence that your combined action will be wise, statesman-like and in the best interests of the whole country.

U. S. GRANT.

Executive Mansion, Dec. 4, 1871.

Mansard Roofs.

In an article on the Fire Department of New York, the *Journal of Commerce* mentions the fact that fireman utterly detest wooden Mansard roofs. It says: "They consider them about equal to a lumberyard on top of a house. The slate is no protection whatever against fire. It drops off soon after the heat strikes it, and the frame work is considered a most excellent medium for kindling and communicating fire. Besides, when a fire originates in one of them it is almost impossible to get at it, especially when the house is high. When the Catholic Orphan Asylum, on Thirty-ninth street, took fire in the Mansard roof, it burned a long time before the fireman could do anything to check the fire. Finally they got a hose up inside. Being a public building, and almost vacant in the top story, it was saved; but had it been a store filled with dry goods or other combustible material, it would have been gutted, despite the strenuous efforts of the fireman. It is the opinion of experts that if all large buildings on our narrow business streets had wooden Mansard roofs, no human agency could prevent a fire from leaping the streets if it got the least headway on one side."

—From all that has been seen of the Grand Duke Alexis it is evident that he is not a "lady's man." While acting as an escort he is always polite and occasionally gay. But he never flirts. As soon as the ceremony of dancing is over—for it is little more than a ceremony to him—he relieves his partner of his company and goes his way, leaving her to go hers. If he can steal away he will walk off alone, get in a back room, roll a cigarette, and smoke it. While Alexis attracts everybody's attention his brother officers are improving the opportunity to put themselves on good terms with the ladies, in which they succeed admirably, being all fine looking and well educated men.

—A sick man was told that his wife would probably marry again. "All right," said he, 'there will be one man to lament my death!"

[From the New York Herald.]

"PENNSYLVANIA DUTCH."

Historical Sketch of the "Pennsylvania Dutch"—Where They Live—Their Politics—Some of Their Illustrious Men, &c.

WHERE DID THE HIGH DUTCH ORIGINATE?

To make a long story short, the Pennsylvania Dutch emigrated to America, usually in a very needy condition, from both banks of the Rhine, from Saxony, Northern Bavaria, German Switzerland and Hesse, almost immediately after Penn proceeded to his province on the Delaware. Penn went to work to get peaceable, frugal, honest people to buy his lands and raise the value of the tracts unsold, pretty much as the Northern Pacific Railroad and the Western State emigration societies are proceeding at present. A considerable number of German Protestants had sought asylum in England during the religious wars on the continent, and Penn took pains to make these his correspondents with the immense bulk of their dissatisfied neighbors still in Germany. The nature of his lands, and the equal and protecting laws of the new province, were duly noised abroad, and liberal considerations for those days were offered to emigrants. For example, a family might get passage free to Pennsylvania from Bremerhaven, Delft, Lubeck, Hamburg, or Amsterdam, provided they would submit to be sold out for a term of years to do service on their arrival. A very large percentage, probably one-third of what are now called Pennsylvania Dutch (who can not number less than three-quarters of a million souls), are derived from these voluntary slaves of the reign of Jas. II, Queens Mary and Anne, and the early Georges.

Penn and his executors also turned to good use the universal disposition among the more ignorant Protestants of German blood in those times to settle in sects and found missions in the New York World. Between Lutherans and Calvinist a great number of new interpreters and theologians had sprung up in Germany. Some of these, like the Dunkers and Seven Day Baptists, were conscientious about the precise day of the week for Sunday; others were averse to education and inventions, and thought that a holy life ought to be calm and conventual; some, like the new school of Moravins, as revised by Count Lutzendorf, in Saxony, believed in education under certain semi-monastic restrictions and supervisions, and, finally, even thousands of plain orthodox Lutherans and Calvinists took the fever for a Western home, and packed themselves away on board slow sailing vessels which delivered them up at Newcastle, Bristol, and Philadelphia, whence they passed out beyond the limits of the Quaker and Welsh farms and settlements, but kept in the rear of those hardy Indian fighters, the border Scotch Irish. Thus the Germans had speedily taken up the best land at the foot of the Blue Ridge, and by a quiet system of expansion their descendants have spread out on the limestone lands, and some of them may now be found even in the valleys of the Central Allegheny range. They have wandered less than any of the original colonizing elements of the thirteen colonies, and the Germans of the Ohio Valley and the Northwestare altogether a different people, the product of a more modern civilization and without the quaintness and peculiarities of these ancient Pennsylvanians.

Such, tersely expressed, was the origin of the Pennsylvania Dutch, who rank among the oldest native Americans in our country. If any of them vote for Andrew Jackson, as is comically alleged, they do it upon long naturalization papers, covering at least five generations.

CHIEF TOWNS OF THE DUTCH.

The chief centers of population in the Dutch country, are Allentown, Reading, Lancaster and York. The city of Frederick, Maryland, altho' idealized and brightened by a mixture of Scotch and English, is also a true Dutch town, and its market days are nearly as characteristic as those of towns which lie along the same general valley to the northwestward. Anybody can remember that one of the conspicuous points on the Maryland battle-field of Antietam was an old Dunker church, a worshipping place for these same Dutch. When John Brown descended upon Virginia, one of the first prisoners and hostages he took, selecting him simultaneously with Col. Louis Washington, was a Mr. Alstadt, who was also of this blood.

DUTCH POLITICS.

A retrospect of the politics of the Dutch country will show that, next to Governor Shunk, the most popular politicians who have ever gained and retained its affections have been Benj. Franklin and Thaddeus Stevens, both Yankees—one from Boston and the other from Vermont. Lancaster Co. always went against Buchanan, and Thaddeus Stevens could carry it whenever he liked, for the Dutch gave him in that district a clear majority of 7,000 all the time. Even at this day, a very popular campaign paper published at Lancaster, in the Dutch dialect, is named *Father Abraham*, after President Lincoln. As a general rule the Scotch-Irish carry off all the best offices by Dutch votes; as witness the cases of Buchanan, Jerry Black, Glancy Jones, Curtin, Cameron, Judge Woodward, Wm. D. Kelly, McPherson, Clerk of the House; Geary and McClure. Forney, however, the celebrated John Cesna, of Chorpenning fame, and Mr Getz, now the member from Reading, are of pure German blood.

ILLUSTRIOUS PENN'A. DUTCHMEN.

A good illustration of the docility of the Dutch population is afforded in the widely known fact that the two great counties in this region go directly contrariwise at every election—Berks taking the Democratic shoot, and Lancaster the Whig—and there is no way of accounting for this singular difference, except by the fact that the best English politicians of Lancaster county were Henry Clay men, while the corresponding politicians of Berks were allies of Jackson. Thus the saying goes that in Berks county they vote for Andrew Jackson to this day; but it will be quite as proper to say that the Lancaster Dutch vote as ignorantly for Henry Clay, because Lancaster is even more of an agricultural county than Berks, it has less manufactures, and it pronounces for tariff taxation, nevertheless.

In the heart of the Dutch country was born Robert Fulton, the renowned inventor of steam navigation; and here, up to nearly the period of his birth, lived the parents of John C. Calhoun. General Reynolds, Harstuff and Hartranft, who figured in the late war, were Pennsylvania Dutch, but Andrew and Horace Porter, and W. S. Hancock, though born here, were of different origin, Congressmen Myers and Haldeman, the only pronounced free traders who can be elected in Pennsylvania, are of the Dutch blood.

The country on the northern side of the Blue Mountains, separated by the anthracite coal region from the Dutch, owes its settlement to a race of far more driving character. The Connecticut Yankees peopled the Wyoming Valley and the upper waters of the Susquehanna before the Revolution, and the flourishing towns of Scranton, Wilkesbarre, and Williamsport are almost destitute of Pennsylvania traits. Pennsylvania persecuted these Connecticut chaps so ferociously that they scarcely felt injured when the British and Indians massacred them at Wyoming.

It was one of these Yankee Pennsylvanians, Obediah Gore, who discovered the first anthracite coal in the State, and used it in his forge. Judge Jesse Fell, also a Connecticut chap, set up the first "stone coal" fire grate in America, at his dwelling in Wilkesbarre, 1808, and the chimney-piece is still one of the sights of the town. The first considerable coal-shipping ports in the United States were Marietta and Columbia, in the Susquehanna Dutch country. Jacob Tome, nominated by the Republicans for the Governor of Maryland, who is also Mr. Secretary Creswell's uncle, was originally a Pennsylvania coal and lumber merchant on the Susquehanna.

The Lehigh coal, which has made Asa Packer the richest man in the State, was discovered by a Dutch forester—Philip Ginter—in 1791, and the great Lehigh Coal Company, at its incorporation in 1793, contained the names of two native Germans among the five organizers.

The first boat said to have descended the Mississippi valley from Pittsburgh to New Orleans, was a Lancaster county Dutchman's venture. Many of these Germans are very expert and antique bargemen, as, for example, on the Lower Susquehanna, Conestoga, Union, and other canals. The Susquehanna and its tributaries are generally dammed so as to afford slackwater navigation from the main stream up the deeper creeks to towns like Lancaster.

Benninghoff, the owner of the most valuable petroleum wells in the Union, is of this race.

Dr. Constantine Hering opened the first school to teach homœopathy in the world, at Allentown, in 1834; he is now Dean of the Hahnemann Medical College in Philadelphia.

David Rittenhouse, of regular Dutsche stock, was born on the Wissahickon Creek, near Germantown, in 1732, and became probably the most eminent Pennsylvania German. He was the successor of Franklin in the Presidency of the American Philosophical Society, discovered independently the science of fluxions, and constructed a celebrated orrery. From his astronomical platform, in Independence Square, Philadelphia, where he had made observations on the occultation of Venus, was read the Declaration of Independence, soon after its adoption. He died in 1793.

Conrad Weiser, the Indian interpreter of the Revolution, whose adventures form a large part of the history of the New York province, was a Dutch burgher of Reading.

John W. Forney, Collector of the port of Philadelphia, is of Pennsylvania Dutch stock, born near Lancaster.

John W. Garrett, President of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, is, on his maternal side, Pennsylvania German.

Geddes, the originator of the Erie canal, and George Lauman, a celebrated railway contractor in the United States and Canadas, were of this race.

General Peter A. Muhlenberg, who led his congregation to battle, preaching in full uniform, was a revolutionary Deutscher, and his son, Henry Muhlenburg, was a Minister to Austria under Jackson.

The first great turnpike road in America was built through the Dutch country from Philadelphia to Lancaster in 1792, and in 1762 Rittenhouse surveyed and projected the Union canals.

One of the earliest glass and iron furnaces in the country, was erected near Manheim, in 1756, by Baron Henry William Steigle, a queer fellow, of much local renown in the Dutch country.

The stock farmers of this region are celebrated through the country; they make trips through Ohio Indiana and Northern Kentucky in search of mares for draught stock, and produce foals from Hambletonian sires. They supply the Boston and great milling markets of the East with the strongest and heartiest of horses, and make direct importations of Channel, Devonshire, and Yorkshire sheep rams and cattle. The Coleman farm, at Cornwall, is 900 acres in dimensions, and about 150 mares from all parts of the country pasture upon it. Its speedwell Hambletonian stallion is rated at $25,000.

The trotting track is a feature of every agricultural society's grounds in this region, but the old-fashioned fairs, like that of Reamstown have been discontinued.

Simon Snyder, Joseph Heister, John Andrew Shulze, George Wolf, Joseph Ritner, William F. Packer and William Bigler, seven out of the sixteen Governors of Pennsylvania elected since 1791, when the state constitution went into operation, have been of Dutch blood and name.

Governor Wolf who died in 1840, served six years, was Controller of the United States Treasury under Jackson, member of Congress and Collector of the port of Philadelphia. He began life a school teacher.

Governor Ritner was a Berks county man, uneducated but strong willed; he was living a year or two ago in the western part of the State. He and Thaddeus Stevens compelled the Germans to pay their school taxes and support education.

Governor Snyder was a queer stick, who kept the Commonwealth in a good deal of amusement and turmoil. He held the gubernatorial office for nine years. Horace Greeley is in the habit of quoting him on political economy, but the people of the State hardly know that he existed.

—There is no instance in history where one individual has given so much money for philanthropic purposes to the suffering of other countries as Mr. A. T. Stewart. Soon after the breaking out of the rebellion he sent $10,000 to the distressed cotton weavers of Lancashire, in England. Soon after he sent out a ship freighted with provisions for the relief of the starving people of Ireland. At the outbreak of our war with the South, he subscribed for the government $30,000. The year previous to the German-Franco war there was great dearth of provisions in Southeastern Prussia, and to the sufferers Mr. Stewart sent $10,000, gold, for which Bismarck sent him an autograph letter of thanks. Toward the end of the war between France and Germany, Mr. Stewart sent a ship with $40,000 worth of flour to Havre, to be distributed among the suffering and the poor. Afterward he sent 100,000 francs to Paris for the benefit of disabled French soldiers, and a like amount to Berlin for the Germans. His $50,000 to Chicago appropriately crowns the column.

THE WORLD'S INTERNAL REMEDY.

JOHNSON'S

Rheumatic Compound

AND

BLOOD PURIFIER.

Quick in its Action, Permanent in its Cure.

This medicine is the prescription of a world-renowned French Physician, who used it in his extensive practice many years before offering it to the public in its present form, but finally becoming convinced of its great curative properties, and desiring to profit those sufferers from this terrible disease, consented to have it put up in bottles and sold at the low price of

ONE DOLLAR.

If necessary, we might offer the certificates of thousands who have been cured by it, but the best recommendation we can give it is, a trial of one, two or three bottles, which will certainly relieve the most difficult case. Try it and be convinced. We have advertised this medicine for sale by George C. Goodwin & Co., of Boston. A cure or the money refunded, and out of near 500 bottles sold at retail, they have had 5 bottles returned.

Sellers' Imperial Cough Syrup.

The Imperial Cough Syrup contains no spirituous ingredient whatever, and may be used in all cases not requiring active medical treatment. The Imperial Cough Syrup has been used for the last thirty years.

Prepared only by R. E. SELLERS & CO.

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

45 Wood Street, Pittsburgh, Pa

And sold by druggists everywhere.

[feb15 1y

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—Letters testamentary having been granted to the subscriber on the last will of James Crawford, deceased, late of Beaver Falls, Beaver county Pa., this is to notify all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment; and those having claims against the same will present them for settlement without delay. Mrs. MARY CRAWFORD,

SEYMOUR CRAWFORD,

Ex'rs.

oct25;6w

S. J. Cross & Co.'s Column.

DRY - GOODS,

New Fall Stock

JUST RECEIVED BY

S. J. Cross & Co.,

ROCHESTER.

Our Stock of New and Seasonable

DRY - GOODS

IS LARGER THAN EVER BEFORE

CONSISTING OF

CLOTH, CASSIMERE, JEANS, WATER-PROOF,

PLAIN FLANNELS,

BARRED FLANNELS,

CANTON FLANNELS,

CLOAKING, PRINTS,

DELAINES, PLAIDS,

ALPACAS, MERINOS,

GINGHAMS, CHECKS,

TOWELING, DENIM,

DRILL, PAPER MUSLIN, BLEACHED AND BROWN MUSLIN,

COTTON BATTING, SHAWLS,

SHIRTS, WOOLEN YARN, HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c., &c.,

NOTIONS

IN GREAT VARIETY.

Ready-Made Clothing:

COATS,

PANTS, VESTS,

SHIRTS, DRAWERS,

&c., &c., &c., &c.,

Hats and Caps,

A VERY LARGE and NEW STOCK.

BOOTS & SHOES:

Men's, Youths' and Boys'

BOOTS.

WOMEN'S, MISSES' and CHILDREN'S

SHOES AND GUM SHOES,

ALL PURCHASED LOW AND WILL BE SOLD AT A SMALL

ADVANCE ON COST.

WE ALSO CONTINUE TO KEEP UP OUR USUAL STOCK OF

GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS, FLOUR,

GRAIN, MILL-FEED, SALT, LIME, CEMENT.

HARDWARE:

NAILS,

HORSE SHOES, HORSE NAILS,

Window Glass

Paints in all Colors,

DRY and IN OIL:

WHITE LEAD, LINSEED OIL,

PUTTY, TURPENTINE, VARNISH,

ALCOHOL, GUM SHILLAC, &c.

Wooden Pumps

FOR WELLS AND CISTERNS.

ALL HEAVY GOODS, DELIVERED WITHIN A REASONABLE DISTANCE, FREE OF CHARGE.

WE ALSO FURNISH OUR CUSTOMERS WITH COAL AT THE MARKET PRICE.

Rochester, Oct. 20th, 1871.

Dwelling Houses,

TENEMENTS,

IMPROVED AND UNIMPROVED

REAL ESTATE

IN AND NEAR THE

Borough of Rochester,

FOR SALE AND RENT

BY

S. J. CROSS.

May3-1y:chd my31-nov1.

Miscellaneous.

NEW GOODS!

NEW - GOODS.

NEW ARRIVAL OF

FANCY DRESS GOODS,

AT

J. M. M'Creery & Co's,

RADICAL BLOCK, BEAVER, Pa.

Consisting of Fancy and Staple Dress Goods, Trimmings, Fancy Notions, Ladies' and Gent's Furnishing Goods, Millinery Goods,

Carpets, Oil Cloths,

Specialties

NEW BLACK GROS-GRAINED SILKS—JAPANESE SILKS, SILK VELVETS, VELVETEENS, PLAIDS, POPLIN ALPACAS, MERINOS, TYCOON REPS, for Wrappers, &c. CLOAKINGS, SHAWLS, SCARFS, and SACKS.

LATEST STYLES IN FALL HATS and BONNETS,

LADIES' & MISSES' VELVET & FELT HATS AND TURBANS,

BOYS' VELVET & CLOTH HATS.

Plumes & Flowers

BRUSSELS and INGRAIN CARPETS, RUGS, OIL CLOTHS, &c., at

J. M. M'Creery's.

sep 27:tf

THE BEST IN THE WORLD!

The Improved Sampson & Howe

STANDARD SCALES,

All sizes and varieties for sale by

SOUDER & M'CLURG,

63 Wood St., Pittsburgh.

Also, Warehouse Trucks, Patent Money Drawers,

—and—

GROCERS' FIXTURES.

sep6-3m.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

Every year increases the popularity of this valuable Hair Preparation; which is due to merit alone. We can assure our old patrons that it is kept fully up to its high standard; and it is the only reliable and perfected preparation for restoring GRAY OR FADED HAIR to its youthful color, making it soft, lustrous, and silken. The scalp, by its use, becomes white and clean. It removes all eruptions and dandruff, and, by its tonic properties, prevents the hair from falling out, as it stimulates and nourishes the hair-glands. By its use, the hair grows thicker and stronger. In baldness, it restores the capillary glands to their normal vigor, and will create a new growth, except in extreme old age. It is the most economical HAIR DRESSING ever used, as it requires fewer applications, and gives the hair a splendid, glossy appearance. A. A. Hayes, M.D., State Assayer of Massachusetts, says, "The constituents are pure, and carefully selected for excellent quality; and I consider it the BEST PREPARATION for its intended purposes."

Sold by all Druggists, and Dealers in Medicines.

Price One Dollar.

Buckingham's Dye.

FOR THE WHISKERS.

As our Renewer in many cases requires too long a time, and too much care, to restore gray or faded Whiskers, we have prepared this dye, in *one preparation*; which will quickly and effectually accomplish this result. It is easily applied, and produces a color which will neither rub nor wash off. Sold by all Druggists. Price Fifty Cents.

Manufactured by R. P. HALL, & CO., NASHUA, N.H.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For the relief and cure of all derangements in the stomach, liver, and bowels. They are a mild aperient, and an excellent purgative. Being purely vegetable, they contain no mercury or mineral whatever. Most serious sickness and suffering is prevented by their timely use, and every family should have them on hand for their protection and relief, when required. Long experience has proved them to be the safest, surest, and best of all the *Pills* with which the market abounds. By their occasional use the blood is purified, the corruptions of the system expelled, obstructions removed, and the whole machinery of life restored to its healthy activity. Internal organs which become clogged and sluggish are cleansed by *Ayer's Pills*, and stimulated into healthy action. Thus a medicine is changed into health, the value of which cannot be reckoned on the vast multitudes who enjoy it, can hardly be computed. Their sugar coating makes them pleasant to take, and preserves their virtues unimpaired for any length of time, so that they are ever fresh, and perfectly reliable. Almost every one requires, now and then, some aperient, or cathartic medicine, to keep the human system in order, and to relieve it from the obstructions which are sure to accumulate, if not attended to. Each one for himself must judge how often he requires a dose, or how large it should be, to produce the desired effect.

Full directions are given on the wrapper of each box, how to use them as a Family Physic; and for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** and **Indigestion**, **Listlessness**, **Languor** and **Loss of Appetite**, they should be taken moderately, to stimulate the stomach, and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache**, **Sick Headache**, **Jaundice** or **Green Sickness**, **Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers**, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa**, but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism**, **Gout**, **Gravel**, **Palpitation of the Heart**, **Pain in the Side**, **Back** and **Loins**, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change these complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression**, a large dose should be taken, as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous when no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from the cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists

LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

FOR SALE BY ALL DEUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

oct.4:1y

J. J. ANDERSON, having taken hold of his old Foundry again, in Rochester, Pa., will be pleased to meet his old customers and friends who may want either the BEST COOKING STOVE, Heating Stove, or any other kind of Castings of best material and workmanship. The business will be conducted by

J. J. ANDERSON & SONS.

jy9:tf

JOB PRINTING neatly and expeditiously executed at this office.

Rowell & Co.'s Advertisements.

CHICAGO AND ITS DESTRUCTION.

A full and complete history of Chicago, her, past, present and future. With graphic scenes, incidents and full details of the disaster, by Geo. P. Upton and J. W. Sheahan, editors of the Chicago *Tribune*. With over 400 pages and 50 illustrations. It is now ready for delivery.

AGENTS WANTED. Send $1.00 for outfit, and choice of territory. Union Publishing Co., Chicago Illinois, or Philadelphia, Pa. [dec1-4w.

CUNDURANGO.

BLISS, KEENE & CO.'S Fluid Extract, The wonderful remedy for CANCER, Syphilis, Scrofula, Ulcers, Pulmonary Complaints, Salt Rheum, and all Chronic Blood Diseases, is prepared from the Genuine Cundurango Bark, from Loja, Ecuador, secured by the assistance of the authorities of that country. It is the most *effective, prompt and certain* alterative and BLOOD PURIFIER known. Sold by all Druggists, in pint bottles, having on them our name, trade mark and directions. Send for a circular. Office and Laboratory, No. 60 Cedar St., New York.

50th YEAR.

NEW - YORK OBSERVER.

$3 per Annum, including Year Book for 1872.

SIDNEY E. MORSE, JR. & CO.,

37 Park Row, New-York.

SAMPLE COPIES FREE.

UNIVERSALISM.

Send for free sample copy of the CHRISTIAN LEADER, a first-class weekly Journal, published by the New York State Convention of Universalist, and containing the Sermons of Dr. E. H. CHAPIN. Terms $2.50 per year. Address, Publisher CHRISTIAN LEADER, 1288 Broadway, New York City.

WOOD'S HOUSEHOLD MAGAZINE is offered free during the coming year to every subscriber of Merry's Museum, the Toledo Blade, Pomeroy's Democrat, etc., which is an evidence of its worth and popularity. Horace Greeley, James Parton, Theodore Tilton, Gail Hamilton, etc., write for every number. In clubbing, it offers three first-class periodicals for the price of one of them. A variety of premiums on equally liberal terms. It is an original, first-class magazine. Volume X begins with Jan. '72. Three specimen copies free. Address S. S. WOOD, Newburg, N. Y.

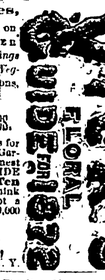
Over 100 Pages,

Printed in *Two Colors*, on superb TINTED PAPER, *Four Hundred Engravings of Flowers Plants and Vegetables*, with Descriptions, and

Two Colored Plates.

Directions and plans for making Walks, Lawns Gardens, &c. The handsomest and best FLORAL GUIDE in the World. All for Ten Cents, to those who think of buying Seeds. Not a quarter the cost. 200,000 sold of 1871. Address,

JAMES VICK, Rochester, N. Y.



PETERS' MUSICAL MONTHLY

The Dec. No., price 35c., has 19 pieces Vocal and Instrum'tal Piano Music, worth $4 in sheet form. We will mail two back Nos. for 50c., four for 90c., or Jan to Dec. No. for $2.25, (regular price, $3.) Bound copies for 1871, gilt sides and edges, $5.00. The Music is by Hays, Thomas, Kinkel, Genin, etc.—Address J. L. PETERS, 599 Broadway, N. Y. P. O. Box 5129.

SAVE YOUR LIFE

BY PROMPTLY USING

WINCHESTER'S

HYPOPHOSPHITES,

A Chemically Pure Preparation of PHOSPHORUS,

which is a most important constituent of the human body, existing largely in the Brain, Nervous System, Blood and Bones. IT IS THE UNDUE WASTE OR DEFICIENCY OF THE LIFE-GIVING AND LIFE-SUSTAINING ELEMENT, WHICH IS THE IMMEDIATE CAUSE of

Consumption, Nervous Debility, Paralysis, Dyspepsia, Scrofula etc.

The proper Remedy for the effectual treatment and cure of the above Diseases consists in restoring to the Brain, Nervous System, Lungs and Blood, their due proportion of Phosphorus.

WINCHESTER'S

HYPOPHOSPHITES

is the only preparation which accomplishes this result, and it is an absolute cure for the Diseases above named.

Circulars, Information and Advice Free.

Prepared only by J. WINCHESTER & CO., Chemists, 36 John St., N. Y., and sold by all Druggists. Price $1 and $2 per Bottle.

BURNETT'S COCOAINE

A compound of *Cocoa nut Oil*, &c. Acknowledged *the best promoter of the growth and beauty of the hair.* 162 SUMMER ST., Boston, Mass. Sold by all druggists. *Beware of imitations.*

The Best Saw-Gumer Out. Only $15. Hand Gumers at $25, $30 and $50. Diamond Turning Tools, $25. *Send Stamp for Circular & Price List.* Address *The Tanite Co.*, Stroudsburg, Monroe county, Pa.

$57.60 A MONTH: Agents profits per week. Will prove it or forfeit $500. New articles, just out. Sample free. Address W. H. CHESTER, 267 Broadway, New York.

$425 A MONTH: Horses furnished. Expenses paid. H. B. SHAW, Alfred, Me.

AGENTS Wanted.—Agents make more money at work for us than at anything else. Business light and permanent. Particulars free. G. STINSON & Co., *Fine Art Publishers*, Portland, Maine

AVOID QUACKS. A victim of early indiscretion, causing nervous debility, premature decay etc., having tried in vain every advertised remedy, has discovered a simple means of self-cure, which he will send free to his fellow sufferers. Address J. H. REEVES, 78 Nassau st., N. Y.

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE

In the Treatment of

CHRONIC and SEXUAL DISEASES.

A Physiological View of Marriage.

The cheapest book ever published—containing nearly 200 pages, and 130 fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the human organs in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on early errors, its deplorable consequences on the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by a report of cases treated. A truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent free of postage to any address, on receipt of 25 cents in stamps or postal currency, by addressing Dr. LACROIX, No. 34 Maiden Lane, Albany, N. Y. The author may be consulted upon any of the diseases upon which his book treats, either personally or by mail, and medicines sent to any part of the world.

Miscellaneous.

SAMUEL R. JOHNSTON, JOSEPH EICHBAUM, WILLIAM G. JOHNSTON.

Established by Eichbaum & Johnston, 1816.

William G. Johnston & Co.,

PRINTERS,

STATIONERS

And Blank Book Makers,

57 and 59 Wood Street,

PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

my24-1y

AGENTS WANTED

FOR

THE PEOPLE'S BOOK!

Designed for every Home and Individual.

THE NATION,

Its Rulers and Institutions,

OR,

Outlines of the Government,

BY

JUDGE WILLIS.

Published in English and German.

18,000 COPIES SOLD,

And selling Faster than any Book in the Market.

AGENTS ARE POSITIVELY

MAKING $30 TO $50 PER WEEK.

SEND AT ONCE FOR DESCRIPTIVE

CIRCULARS and TERMS,

AND GET THE FIRST CHOICE OF TERRITORY.

Address—

J. R. FOSTER & CO.,

68 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

feb8-1y-chd apr5-nov1.

Miscellaneous

$100,000,000

FOR

REDEMPTION OF U. S. 5-20 BONDS,

Of 1862,

DECEMBER 1st, 1871.

—:o:—

DUQUESNE

SAVINGS BANK,

No. 64 Fourth Ave.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

—:o:—

Authorized Capital, - $500,000.

Paid in Capital, - - $100,000.

—:o:—

Offer their services in returning to the Treasury Department the series of U. S. Coupon Bonds, dated May 1, 1862, as follows:

1 to 30,699,	inclusive, $	50	Bonds.
1 " 43,572,	"	100	"
1 " 49,011,	"	500	"
1 " 74,104,	"	1,000	"

Also, registered bonds of the same Act:

1 to 595,	inclusive, $	50	Bonds.
1 " 4,103,	"	100	"
1 " 4,899,	"	500	"
1 " 8,906,	"	1,000	"
1 " 2,665,	"	5,000	"
1 " 2,906,	"	10,000	"

Notice has been given, by the Treasury Department, that all interests will cease on the Bonds designated by the numbers above mentioned, on and after December 1st, 1871.

The holders of these Bonds will therefore see the necessity of taking steps to have their money remunerative after that date. All Bonds forwarded to us for redemption will be sent to the Treasury Department, and the proceeds placed to the owner's credit, at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum interest.

Board of Directors:

James T. Brady, of James T. Brady & Co., Bankers.
Simon Bymer, of Standard White Lead Works.
M. K. Moorhead, of Soho Iron Mills.
Robert Jamison, Wholesale Dry Goods Merchant.
Jackson Duncan, Superintendent Allegheny Bridge Company.
Arthur O'Leary, Wholesale Queensware Merchant.
J. H. Murdock, Secretary Pittsburgh Forge and Iron Company.
John H. McMasters, of late McMasters & Osborne.
C. S. Fetterman, Attorney at Law.

JAMES T. BRADY, President.
DAVID CAMPBELL, Treasurer.

sep9:3m

PATENTED DECEMBER 7TH, 1869.

OUR CELEBRATED

GOLDEN FOUNTAIN PEN.

Resembles gold. Acknowledged by all who have used it to be the best Pen made or sold in this country. Will not corrode. Stay lines written with one Pen of ink! Will outwear a dozen best steel Pens. Put up in neat silk boxes. SOLD ONLY BY AGENTS, and for this reason energetic persons can realize $200 per month. Profit over 100 per cent. Two sample Pens, 10 cents; two boxes, 50 cents; five Pens, $1.00; twelve boxes, $2.00. Address,

WESTERN PUBLISHING CO.

Manufacturers' Agents, Pittsburgh, Pa.

AGENTS WANTED. AGENTS WANTED.

CAUTION.—The great popularity of these Pens has led to many imitations of an inferior quality. Buy only the genuine FOUNTAIN PEN sold by this Company. In ordering for Pens give your Name, Town, County, and State, plainly written, and orders will meet with prompt attention.

jan1-1y

BANKING-HOUSE.

THOMAS M'CREERY & CO.

THOS. M'CREERY, *Cashier.* J. R. DRAVO, J. B. ANGEL, J. H. M'CREERY.

Interest paid on time deposits; Prompt attention given to collections. Also, Insurance Agents for good and reliable Companies. [may18tf

POINT PLANING MILLS,

WATER ST., ROCHESTER, PA.

HENRY WHITEFIELD,

MANUFACTURER OF

Sash, Doors, Mouldings, Floor-boards, Weather-boards, Palings Brackets, &c., &c. Also,

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF LUMBER, LATH, SHINGLES AND BUILDING TIMBER

Having purchased the above territorial interest of M. L. Anderson, owner of the several patents covering certain improvements in the construction and joining of weatherboards and linings in houses and other buildings, we are the only persons authorized to make and sell the same within the limits of Beaver county. Parties in this section will please observe this.

Carpenters' Supplies Constantly Kept on Hand.

Every manner of Shop-Work made to order promptly. oct4:1y

PITTSBURG WIRE WORKS.

(ESTABLISHED 1842)

No. 35 Market st.,

James R. Taylor & Co.,

MAN